HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
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HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S MENNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.

Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,868—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1892.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PALMER'S FAMOUS WHISKIES.

	Per Dz. Rs. a.
Pall Mall, 11 years old	42 0
Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle	42 0
Heart Bottle	36 0
O. B.	30 0
Glenlivonia	30 0
Ben-Tor (cheapest)	30 0

O. V. G. Market Rates.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday
B.	CATHAY	2205	600	A Symons	8th Oct.
B.	THAMES	3900	550	G. W. F. Browne	15th "
B.L.	TRAMES	4115	800	W. A. Seaton	22nd "
	SIAM	3550	800	H. T. Weighell	29th "
B.L.	VALETTA	4919	1705	E. F. Briscoe	5th Nov.
	ARABIA	3000	500	G. W. F. Browne	12th "
B.L.	HIMALAYA	7000	2000	J. Orman	19th "
	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	26th "
B.L.	CLYDE	4156	800	J. L. Purdie	3rd Dec.
	ORIENTAL	5015	1000	L. H. Moule	10th "
B.L.	PEKIN	6019	770	W. A. Wheler	17th "
	PENINSULAR	5045	10 0	A. C. Loggin	24th "
B.L.	GANGES	4205	807	T. J. Alderton	31st "

The Steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
The Steamer marked B lands passengers at Brindisi and proceeds to Venice.
† These Vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.
The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in connection with the Canadian-Pacific S. S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.
Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

October 20th. November 3rd.
" 17th. "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, October 3, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on
20th Oct., 17th Nov., and 15th Dec.,
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Cawasjee House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept., 20 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE
AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st Nov.
†IMPERATOR	C. Beohtinger	4,800	750	1st Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON,
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return, are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's and other routes.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
THISBE	F. Cossovich	3,800	650	22nd Oct.
MARIA THERESA	R. Deporis	3,800	550	22nd Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 460

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Mitis	6,000	750	8th Oct.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, October 8, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ARABIA	3,541	G. H. Hillocat	16th Oct.
ASSYRIA	3,385	G. Read	22nd Oct.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, October 5, 1892.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
FAVORABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,900 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued, Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-affect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottles. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS, warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being are print of two letters to the "Bombay Gazette," and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK,

Price 8 Annas,

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THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
Messrs. T. HACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona
THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 15th October, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch, Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

FOR KURRACHEE, CUTCH MANDVIE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, on the 8th October, noon, calling at Cutch Mandvie, Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Rusrah, in the foregoing order.

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on 9th October, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on 13th October, at about 2 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th October, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.
SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.
LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.
REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.
PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KIN, KING and Co. are met on arrival at —
Plymouth or London, by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
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And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.
PACKAGES Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.
LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security.
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TELEGRAPHIC Remittances arranged at Current Rates, and Addresses in connection with the same Registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co., FREE OF CHARGE.
RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE invited, and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

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HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

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UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE.

SECURITY.—The Universal has a larger proportion of Funds to the Assurances in force than any other Life Office doing business in India.
LIBERALITY.—It declares larger Cash Bonuses than any other Company.
The Bonuses are paid annually, and can be taken in reduction of Premium, or added to the Sum Assured.
ECONOMY.—Policy-holders receive the full value of every Premium paid, the interest on the Society's Investments being sufficient to pay all expenses, including Dividend to Shareholders nearly twice over.

Risks accepted on First-Class Native Lives.
Claims settled immediately on Proof of Death.
Please apply to
Messrs. KING, KING & CO.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 33,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

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BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.
Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

J. C. NICHOLSON,
Acting Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

CLARKE'S
UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown, according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months, applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles, or for doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S GUARANTEED OINTMENT.

CURE FOR LEPROSY, ETC.

This is the only specific yet discovered for the radical cure of Lepra and other obstinate Skin diseases. Price Rs. 3 and for complete cure Rs. 5, packing extra.

S. N. GHOSH,—CHEMIST.
Sole Agent in India,
85, Beehoo Chatterjee's Street,
CALCUTTA.

N.B.—I am guarantee, and I must refund the total amount paid for if the above "Hair Dye" ointment fail to give entire satisfaction.

"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"

KILLS { BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.

But is unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCK, ROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.
The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that packages of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild, yet effective, cure, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

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OTARD DUPUY & Co.

THIS very OLD COGNAC HOUSE have ARRANGED to CONSIGN their well-known Brandies solely to our care in India. They are just now Shipping two qualities, V. S. O. P. and O. P. Cognac; the former (of great age) we are able to offer at Rs. 52 per case, and the latter at Rs. 26 per case of 1 doz. bottles.
Connoisseurs of Cognac should look at our Friends' Consignments, and give them a trial. The V. S. O. P. is an excellent Liqueur Cognac.

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Agents, Rampart Row.

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PHOTOGRAPHER TO
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.
H. R. H. PRINCE CHRISTIAN AND FAMILY.
AWARDED 14 MEDALS,
Including 2 Championship Gold Medals and Several Diplomas.
HOURS OF BUSINESS:—
8-30 A.M. TO 4 P.M.
STUDIO OPEN EVERY DAY.
SWISS LODGE, CUMBALLA HILL, BOMBAY.

THE MOST POPULAR
SQUARE PIANOFORTES
OF THE DAY.
SCHIEDMAYER STUTTGART
GOLD MEDAL AND SOEHNE'S
IRON STANDARD INDIAN SQUARES.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA AND BURMAH,
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RAYNHAM'S ENTERICON.
THE MEDICINE for INDIA
FOR
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
WANT OF VITALITY,
INDIGESTION,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
And all Disorders arising from
SEDENTARY PURSUITS or FAST LIVING.
Per Bottle, Rs. 2-8, 4-8, and 10.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1763—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

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CAPITAL—£3,000,000.
Absolute Security Funds now exceed ... £8,486,434
Funds invested in the best and safest Securities amount to ... £7,894,357

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POLICIES COVERING RISK on MERCHANDISE BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON and JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS and CLUBS, both for BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favorable Terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1875	£742,568
" 1880	£966,078
" 1885	£966,107
" 1891	£1,097,080

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES granted by the Undersigned without reference to head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL EMPLOY have extra Premium returned.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at Fixed Periods on Adults and Children, on very Favourable Terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 74 Per Cent.
REDUCTION to EUROPEAN RATES when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.
ACCUMULATED LIFE and ANNUITY FUNDS now amount to ... £4,546,577
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS ... £7,894,357

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1831 ... £4,573,390 | 1891 ... £7,894,357
1880 ... £5,872,281 |
Increase of Funds in 10 years ... £2,221,038

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
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Hummum Street.

STEEL BOILERS,

LANCASHIRE, CORNISH & VERTICAL TYPE

NOW READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY—
30' by 7' by 110 lbs. working pressure. Also vertical boilers of 8, 10, and 12 H.P. Made at our works under inspection of Government Boiler Inspector, of extra quality, Siemens-Martin mild steel—welded flues; latest improvements in accordance with Manchester Steam Users' Association Specification.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,
BYCULLA IRON WORKS, BOMBAY.

LAWN-TENNIS!!
ENTIRE NEW STOCK!!!

BATS—

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Special Champion Cork Handle	10 0	11 4
Slazenger's Demon	11 0	12 8
The Unicorn (New Demon)	10 8	11 12
Ayre's Champion	12 0	13 0
The Ne Plus Ultra	11 0	12 8

BALLS—

Waterproof Seamless, "Perfect"	12 0	13 8
Treacher's, "The Club"	8 0	9 0
Ayre's Championship	9 8	10 12

NETS—

Best Tanned Cord, with Poles, complete	12 0	13 0

PRESSES, SCORERS, BAGS, BELTS, SHOES, BAT COVERS.
The above Prices are Advanced 10 Per Cent. on account of the GREAT FALL in EXCHANGE.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
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DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.

	Rs. a.
The Sandhurst College Case	30 0
The Royal Military Academy Case	40 0
Do. do. do. in Electrum	57 8
The Addiscombe Case	40 0
The Royal Naval School of Architecture Case	45 0
The Royal Engineering College (Cooper's Hill) Case	65 0
Pocket Cases of Drawing Instruments ... from Rs. 15 to 50	0
Ordinary Drawing Instruments ... from Rs. 7-8 to 12	8

	Rs. a.
Dividers ... from Rs. 1-8 to	7 8
Napier Pocket Compass	10 8
Proportional Compasses ... Rs. 8-8 to	11 8
Bows, Plain, Ink or Pencil, Needle Points	2 8
Do. Electrum	4 0
Spring Bows set of 3 in Case ... Rs. 6-8, Rs. 8-8,	12 8
Drawing Pens	2 0
Scales and Rules for all purposes. Protractors, Rs. 1-8. Rs. 2-8 and	5 8
Protractor with Plummet	Rs. 5-8; Ivory 10 8.

N.B.—Owing to the fall in Exchange, our Catalogue Prices are INCREASED 10 Per Cent.

BOMBAY:—Victoria House, Byculla; Oriental Bank Building, Fort; and Cumballa Hill. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., } POONA:—Temple House, Camp, and Bhoodwar Peth, City.
WINE AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
I have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENT in India for
MELACHRINO'S
CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES,
And I am now importing their FINEST BRANDS by EVERY Mail at the following rates:—
Per Tin Box of 100 Cigarettes.

NON PLUS ULTRA.	Rs. a.	FIRST QUALITY.	Rs. a.
No 2 Medium Extra Fine	5 0	No. 7 Small, for Ladies	3 8
" 1 Large " "	5 12	" 5 Medium	4 0
		" 4 Large	4 12
		" 6 Largest	5 8

D. MACROPOLO,
SOLE AGENT,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

THACKER & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY

WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
For Rs. 16.

Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
For Rs. 16.

Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.

STAMPING AND EMBOSSING
From Customers' own Dies, or from Dies already on hand.
ANY COLOUR.
PER 100 IMPRESSIONS .. .. Annas 8
PER 1,000 " .. .. Rs. 5 0
GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.
PER 100 IMPRESSIONS .. .. Rs. 2 0
PER 1,000 " .. .. " 17 0
GOLD AND COLOURS.
Charges according to amount of work.

VISITING CARDS.
100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate .. .. Rs. 3 0
100 LADIES' CARDS, one line with Plate .. .. " 4 0
Other lines, such as Address and Club, charged Re. 1 per line extra.
THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARDS.
We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates on hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.

To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.
SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.

BALL PROGRAMMES.
A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
SEND FOR SAMPLES.

MENU CARDS,
Folding and Single, in upwards of 250 varieties of elegant design, plain and illuminated.
PATTERNS FREE.

REGIMENTAL CRESTS.—DIES OF ALL BRITISH AND NATIVE REGIMENTS ON HAND. Estimates and Samples free.

RUBBER STAMPS
Of every description manufactured by a special process, and of a specially prepared Rubber to withstand the Climate.

INVITATION CARDS.
Comprising Invitations to Dinners, at Home, Honorary Members, Marriage, Lawn Tennis, Dances.
WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

When orders for Crests, Monograms, Stationery, &c., are left to our own choosing they are carried out in perfect taste and without extravagant expenditure.

THACKER & CO., Limited, BOMBAY,
Booksellers, Publishers, Stationers,
ENGRAVERS, DIE SINKERS, RELIEF STAMPERS, COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS.

"BAHADUR"
CIGARS!!!

THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. Shipped to all climates from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different Shapes and Sizes, so as to meet all Tastes and Requirements.

TRY, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY
"BAHADUR"
CIGARS.
SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of	50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	" "	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	" "	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	" "	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	" "	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	" "	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	" "	200

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.
N. B.—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal Supervision.

LIGHT JEWELLED RINGS.

		Rs. a.
No. 2943	—GIPSY SET, 3 Pearls and 2 Sapphires	11 0
" 2948	—STAR SET Coral Centre, 4 Pearls, 2 on either side	9 0
" 1639	—STAR Set Pearl in Square, with Coral on either side	25 0
" 2992	—DIAMOND, with Sapphires on each side	10 0
" 2731	—DIAMOND, with 5 Turquoise Cluster	18 0
" 2882	—AFRICAN Cats' Eye, in a Cluster of Pearls	25 0
" 1652	—SMALL PEARL Centre, 6 Coral Cluster	8 0
" 2278	—10 PEARLS, edged with Black Enamel	12 0
" 3010	—STAR Set, Coral with Pearl on each side	8 0
" 2998	—STAR Set, 3 Pearls and 2 Rubies	11 0
" 2978	—STAR Set, 3 Pearls in line, with Coral and Pearl, alternately on both sides	13 0
" 2988	—STAR Set, 4 Pearls in Centre, with Ruby on either side	10 0
" 2979	—STAR Set, Pearl in a square, with Coral on each side	12 0
" 2311	—Half hoop, 5 Cats' Eyes	25 0
" 2995	—STAR Set, 3 Pearls and 2 Diamond Sparks	11 0
" 3000	—STAR Set, Coral Centre, 2 Pearls on each side	10 0
" 2520	—SNAKE Ring, Ruby Eyes	32 0
" 3006	—PEARL and Turquoise Cross in an Oval, with two Turquoise on either side	11 0
" 2970	—FLY Intaglio	15 0
" 1632	—DIAMOND Centre, with Cluster of 6 Corals	25 0
" 3014	—TURQUOISE, 2 Pearls on each side	9 0
" 2989	—SCROLL of Corals and Pearls	11 0
" 2945	—FOUR Pearls with Coral on either side	10 0
" 3007	—TWO Pearls and Ruby on each side	10 0
" 1628	—DIAMOND Centre, with one Ruby on either side	25 0
" 2946	—2 CORALS and a Pearl on either side	9
" 3015	—ONE RUBY and 2 Pearls	9
" 2982	—CORAL Set in a Square with 4 Pearls	13
" 1641	—TURQUOISE with a Cluster of Pearls and Turquoises	12
" 2914	—CLAW SET Garnet Single Stones	28
	&c., &c., &c.	

Prices of Heavy and more Valuable Rings forwarded on Application to

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS, JEWELLERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

UNADULTERATED,
PURE, AND WHOLESOME.

1. WINES, COGNAC AND SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
2. NO deleterious or Poisonous Compounds in our Godown.
3. PRICES TO SUIT ALL BUYERS OF DISCERNMENT.
4. Detailed list of Stock sent on application.
5. THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE IN INDIA.
6. Established in London and Bordeaux in 1815.
7. TRADE DISCOUNTS TO TRADE BUYERS
8. Exceptional terms to all Cash Buyers.
9. NO CO-OPERATIVE STORES QUOTE BETTER TERMS.
10. Send for Samples with a Money Order for their value.
11. HOUSES IN BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND LAHORE.

AGENCIES THROUGHOUT INDIA.
WRITE FOR FULLER DETAILS IN EITHER PRESIDENCY TO

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

☞ TO SMOKERS.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.'S
HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES AND TURKISH TOBACCO.
PURVEYORS IN CAIRO TO THE KHEDIVIAL FAMILY.
"ALWAYS FRESH AND RELIABLE."

CIGARETTES—
KHEDIVIAL, 50 in a tin box, cash Rs. 6-8-0 per 100.
EXTRA FINE, Grand Format, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 5 per 100.
RAMSES, 25 in a paper box, and 500 in a tin box, cash Rs. 4 per 100.
FLEUR D'ORIENT, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-8 per 100
"NON PLUS ULTRA," 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-0 per 100.
BEST EGYPTIAN, 100 in a paper box and 6 boxes in a tin box, cash Rs. 2-8 per 100.
TOBACCO,—YENEDJE in ¼ lb. tins, cash Rs. 6-0 per lb.
TURKISH, in ½lb. tins, cash Rs. 4-8 per lb.
CIGARS,—Havanna, Manilla, India, and Burmah
ENGLISH CUT TOBACCO OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
SMOKERS' REQUISITES OF ALL KINDS.

N.B.—As a warning against hideous imitations made by some other firm of the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

THE 20TH CONCERT OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY WILL BE GIVEN IN THE TOWN HALL ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER THE 13TH, AT 9-15 P.M.

PART I.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IN WHICH

MR. JOSEPH HOFMANN WILL PERFORM.

(Details at a Later Date.)

PART II.

"THE REVENGE."

A Ballad of the Fleet,

By the late Lord Tennyson.

Music by Villiers Stanford.

About 100 Performers, and Full Orchestra.

Tickets may be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co's.

Reserved Seats, Rs. 3. Admittance, Rs. 2.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
Single Copy .....As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT MAHABLESHWAR.

ON WEDNESDAY, 16th November next, at 4 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION at their Rooms, No. 5, Apollo Street, Bombay, unless previously sold by contract by order of the surviving Executor and Trustee of the last Will and Testament of the late W. A. L. MCKENZIE, Esq., all that piece of land containing by admeasurement 11 acres and 25 goontas, with a Bungalow standing thereon, known as "Elphin Nest," situate at Mahableshwar, and registered as property No. 44, in the Office of the Superintendent of Mahableshwar. This Bungalow was formerly the property of the Hon. Mr. Scoble, is situate on a prominent position on the Lodwick and Sidney Point Roads, is close to the Stream of Water, known as the "Dhoby's Waterfall," and commands an extensive and beautiful view extending to the sea on the West. The Bungalow stands in a large compound covered with large trees and containing 3 or 4 fine building sites. It is a pukka built, corrugated iron roof and ceiling, and wood work of out teak, is completely furnished, and has also a glass and crockery ware, all included in the sale, and has cookroom, servants' quarters, stabling for 6 horses and coach house. Rent for Hot season Rs. 450 to Rs. 700, and for Cold Season months Rs. 60 per month. The annual assessment is Rs. 34-14-0. For particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. ROUGHTON and BYRNE, Solicitors for the Executor and Trustee, or to the Undersigned, to whom also tenders for purchase by private contract may be made. A ground plan may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of the Undermentioned Articles (more or less) to the Gun Powder Factory, Kirkee, for the Official Year 1893-94 will be received by the Undersigned at his Office on TUESDAY, the 8th of November, 1892, up to 12 o'clock noon (Gun-fire).

Saltpetre grough	Cwts. 3,750
Sulphur grouch	1,086
Timber Urhur Dhail Stalk	3,000

2.—Each of the above Articles should be tendered for on a separate form.

3.—Forms of Tenders and conditions (which are procurable on payment of a fee of annas eight only for each set) and further particulars may be obtained on application to the Undersigned at his office daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted).

F. CALDECOTT, Colonel, R.A.,
Superintendent, Gunpowder Factory.

Gunpowder Factory Office: Kirkee, 6th October, 1892.

RE J. R. DUXBURY, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII of 1866, entitled "The Trustee's and Mortgagees' Powers Act, 1866," is hereby given that all Persons being creditors of, or having any claims against, the estate of JONATHAN ROBINSON DUXBURY, late of the "Tower," Middle Colaba, Bombay, Traffic Manager, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company, deceased, who died at Bombay, aforesaid on or about the 18th Day of July, 1892, and Letters of Administration, with his Will annexed, of which property and credits were on the 19th Day of September, 1892, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Frank Chalk and Alfred Caldecott Walker, the constituted Attorneys of Mary Angelica Duxbury, the Executrix named in the Will of the said deceased, for her use and benefit, to have effect throughout the Province of Bombay, are required to send to the Undersigned, Solicitors for the said Frank Chalk and Alfred Caldecott Walker, on their behalf at their office No. 18, Church Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims against the estate of the said deceased so as to reach the said office on or before the 16th day of November, 1892, as after that date the said Frank Chalk and Alfred Caldecott Walker, as such Administrators will pay or remit the assets of the said deceased then remaining in their hands to the said Executrix entitled thereto, or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets, having regard only to the claims of which the said Administrators shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claim which may be then unsatisfied will be recognised.—Dated the

[illegible]ER, & SMETHAM,
Administrator's Solicitors.

[illegible]CY ACTS 1883 AND 1890.

[illegible]S IN BANKRUPTCY

[illegible]HONY BEYTS, of 53 [illegible]ill, Kent, and GEORGE [illegible]ad, Brixton Rise, [illegible]at Saint Helens, in the City of London, and of Bombay, India, both now detained in Her Majesty's Prison, Holloway, Middlesex, Shipowners and Merchants, who were adjudged Bankrupts on the 8th day of July 1892.

I, ERNEST COOPER, of the firm of COOPER BROTHERS AND CO., Chartered Accountants of 11, George Street, Mansion House, in the City of London, hereby give notice that I have been duly appointed and certified on the 3rd September, 1892, by the Board of Trade as Trustee of the Estate of the abovenamed Bankrupts in the place of Arthur Cooper, deceased.

All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the Bankrupts must deliver them to me, and all debts due to the Bankrupts must be paid to me, or to my duly appointed Attorney.

Creditors who have not yet proved their Debts must forward their proofs of debts to me.—Dated this 8th Day of September, 1892.

ERNEST COOPER,
Trustee.

CLARKE RAWLINS & CO.,
66, Gresham House, Old Broad Street, London, E.C., Solicitors.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY to the Commissariat Department of the undermentioned articles, &c., at the Stations noted below, for one year from 1st April, 1893 to 31st March, 1894, will be received by the Chief and Executive Commissariat Officers and Commissariat Storekeeper-General (hereinafter referred to as the Commissariat Officer) at Aden, up to 11 a.m. (local time), at Bombay and Karachi, up to 1 p.m. (local time), and at other stations up to 1-30 p.m. (Madras time), on the dates specified and then and there opened in the presence of all parties who may choose to attend.

2. No tenders will be received except on forms obtainable from the respective Chief and Executive Commissariat Offices and Commissariat Storekeeper-General's Office, which, as well as any information required regarding the contract, will be given on application to the Commissariat Officers concerned. No addition or alteration must be made in the tender forms.

3. Seals of tenderers will not be accepted; they should have their marks certified by witnesses.

4. Covers to be superscribed "Tender for the supply of Sugar, Meat, &c." as the case may be.

5. The tender is to be for one or both the descriptions, and for supply of all the stations or of one or any number of them. The tender for Meat, Potatoes, and Vegetables must be for the supply of the whole requirement, and rates must be stated for the supply in camps and on command, without which tenders will not be attended to. The tender for Sugar, &c., comprised in each tender; the term of contract must be as noted above and the rate an average for the whole period. The Commissariat Officer, Commissary General, and Government's all have the power to accept a tender in whole or in part, or to reject a tender without assigning any cause for so doing, but in the event of the tender being accepted in part only, and the tenderer failing to take up the contract, the whole earnest-money deposited with the article or articles in question will be confiscated.

6. Each tender must be accompanied with separate Earnest-money for each description of article in Government Promissory Notes or by Bank of Bengal or Treasury receipt for amounts noted below. Tenders without Earnest-money will not be attended to.

7. Earnest-money will be confiscated if the tenderer withdraws from his tender.

8. Samples of the articles to be supplied can be inspected at the Chief and Executive Commissariat Offices and Commissariat Store-keeper-General's Office.

Stations.	Descriptions of Articles.	Tender & Schedule.	Tenders to be received on.
	Local Contracts.		
Poona			
Satara			
Ferandhee			
Ahmednagar	Hospital Clothing and Bedding.	98 & 100 ...	8th Dec. 1892
Mhow	Coir, loose, cleaned, for stuffing Mattresses & Pillows.	98 & 100 ...	12th do.
Indore			
Mastrabad ..			
Taragarh	Hospital Wines and Spirits and Bottled Beer and Porter.	98 & 100J..	15th do.
Neemuch			
Deesa			
Abu	Sugar for Ration and Hospital.	98E	22nd do.
Ahmedabad ..			
Bombay			
Deviali	*Cattle and Sheep for Slaughter.	98 & 100 ...	19th do.
Khandala ...			
Kampti	†Beef and Mutton.	98P	
Shahadhi	Potatoes	98 & 100 ...	22nd do.
Jabalpur ...	Vegetables	98 & 100 ...	
Sangor	Sugar for Rations and Hospital.	98E	22nd do.
Pachmarhi ..			
Karachi			
Hyderabad ..			
Aden			
Commissariat Storekeeper General, Bombay.	Sewing Mattresses and Pillow-cases.	98 & 100 ...	22nd do.

GENERAL CONTRACTS COMPRISING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ABOVE STATIONS.

Commissariat Storekeeper-General, Bombay.	Animal Charcoal...	98 & 100 ...	7th Dec. 1892.
	Country Manufactured Soap.	98H	7th do.
	Hospital Clothing and Bedding.	98 & 100 ...	8th do.
	Coir, loose, cleaned for stuffing Mattresses and Pillows.	98 & 100 ...	12th do.
	Country Manufactured Cotton Cloth.	98Y	12th do.
	Sugar for Ration and Hospital.	98E	22nd do.

* Tenders will not be invited by the Chief Commissariat Officers, Poona and Aden.

† Tenders will not be invited at Karachi, Hyderabad, Deesa.

G. C. DOBBS, Major,
For Commissary General.

Commissary-General's Office: Poona, 1st October, 1892.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED.
PROPERTIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
No. 6, RUMMUN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRANK BROWN'S CIRCUS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

FIRST PRODUCTION OF
FRANK BROWN'S
"GREAT WATER PANTOMIME."

The Greatest Sensation of the Century.

25,000 GALLONS OF
GENUINE WATER,
Poured into the Ring in the incredibly short space of
35 SECONDS!

A Genuine Lake of Water on which occur a number of Comical Incidents, causing Shrieks of Laughter, And forming a
GRAND SCENE.

IMPOSSIBLE TO DESCRIBE.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, OCT. 8TH., AND
At every Representation the
"WATER PANTOMIME,"
Preceded by a Brilliant Programme of the best Equestrian, Acrobatic, and Gymnastic Feats of the Company.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—
Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1, and 8 As.
Tickets can be obtained all day at the Circus,

"THE WATER PANTOMIME," AT EVERY PERFORMANCE.

SPECIAL AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE THIS AFTERNOON.

Children admitted Half Price to all Parts.
Doors open at 3 p.m. Performance at 4 p.m.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
MINERAL OILS.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M., (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 2nd November, Tenders for the SUPPLY of the following OILS during the year 1893, viz:—

200 tons of Mineral Oil for lubricating Carriage and Wagon Axles.

84 tons of non-corrosive Oil for Locomotive Cylinders.

Tenders must be made on the Company's form (to be obtained from the Undersigned) and sent in, accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

A sample of not less than 10 gallons of each oil to be sent in, to the Storekeeper's Office, for trial.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 7th October, 1892.

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Mill Premises, near Sopari Bag, Parel, on SATURDAY, the 15th day of October, 1892, at 4 P.M., for the transaction of the following business:—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 30th June, 1892.

2.—To declare a Dividend.

3.—To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

4.—To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

5.—To transact any other business, which may be brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 11th, to TUESDAY, the 18th October, 1892, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents,
The Morarjee Gocouldas Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld.

Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, 7th October, 1892.

NOTICE.

UNDER the Provisions of Sub-Section 7 of Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 Notice is hereby given that the list of persons appearing to be entitled to be enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll as Voters of Wards, Justices and Fellows, respectively, has been published as required by Sub-Section 6 of the aforesaid Section, and is available for Public Inspection in every Municipal Office. Copies of it may be obtained at the Chief Municipal Office, on the Esplanade Road, Fort, on payment of a fee of Re. 1 per copy between the hours of 11 A.M. and 5 P.M.

Any person, whose name has been omitted, and who claims to have his name inserted in the said list, or who this own name having been entered in the list) objects to any other person as not being entitled to have his name retained therein, or who has to choose the ward for which he elects to vote out of two or more wards in the list in which his name appears, or who has to apply that his name be struck out of the list as the representative of an undivided family, association or body of individuals, should send in his claim, objection or application, as the case may be, to the Commissioner, on or before the 1st day of November, 1892, in accordance with the Provisions of Sub-Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11, respectively, of the aforesaid Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices: Bombay, 7th October, 1892.

NOTICE.

RE ISAAC MATHER, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to the Indian Succession Act, 1865, and the Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers Act 1866. Notice is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING against the estate of ISAAC MATHER, late of Ahmednugger, a Permanent Way Inspector, in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company, who died at Aden, on the 8th day of July, 1892, and probate of whose Will, dated the 16th day of February, 1892, having effect throughout the Bombay Presidency, was granted on the 6th day of October, 1892, to Mr. WILLIAM JENKINS, one of the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said executor at the Engineering Workshop of the G. I. P. Railway Company, at Byculla, without the Fort, Bombay, or at the office of the Undersigned, situate at Standard Building, Hornby Row, within the said Fort within one Calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the executor will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased, or having property of his in their hands are required to pay their debts, or hand over such property, to the executor.—Dated the 7th Day of October, 1892.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Attorneys for the Executor.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy .....Annas. 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

BANKS.

COMMERCIAL and LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital and Reserves.....Rs. 15,55,867
Working Capital..... „ 1,09,38,688

HEAD OFFICE: MADRAS. BRANCH: RAWAL PINDI
SUB-AGENCY: MURREE.
LONDON BANKERS: THE ALLIANCE BANK, LD.,
SHAREHOLDERS.

Bankers and Agents in Edinburgh, Dublin, and at every important Station in India.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12, 9, and 6 Mon ths at 5, 4½, and 4 per cent. per annum respectively.

6 PER CENT. PER ANNUM is allowed on Prudential Saving Fund Balances, and the same is compounded half yearly.

4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM is allowed on Sums lodged awaiting remittal to Europe.

3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM is allowed on Current Account Balances. Pay and Pension Bills, Cheques and Hundis are received and collected free of any charge for commission.

CURRENCY NOTES OR CHEQUES ON MADRAS, BOMBAY, AND CALCUTTA are accepted at par for Interest Deposit Accounts.

ACCOUNTS are opened and Receipts issued in two or more names when desired in order that survivors may at once deal with the amount at credit.

DEPOSITS are received also from persons not having current accounts with the Bank.

Every description of Loan is granted upon approved Personal security, as well as upon Government Paper, Stocks, Shares, Lands, Buildings, Produce, Invoiced Goods and Jewellery, etc.

A copy of General Rules of Business and Opening Credit forms will be forwarded on application to the Head Office or Branch.

By Order of the Board,
E. F. STRANACK,
Secretary and Treasurer.

1st July, 1892.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO.
KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

NOTICES.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto carried on by the Undersigned JOINTLY with Mr. CAWASJEE EDULJEE PATEL, under the name of PATELL, SETT Hapty Mill, has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent from the First October last. All debts due to and by the late firm are to be received and paid by the undersigned.

KAVASJI MERWANJI SETT,
JEHANGIER PESTANJEE AYEM.

Bombay, 1st October, 1892.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, (BYCULLA) BOMBAY.

NEW CLASSES formed for FRESH STUDENTS. Those who do not attend are advised to make immediate application. DAY and EVENING WORK begins on MONDAY, 14th November, 1892.

Printed form showing the Time Table and other information can be obtained on application by letter to the PRINCIPAL at the Institute.

NOWROJEE N. WADIA,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are informed that under the authority vested in the Commissioner of Police by Rule 4 of the Government Notification No 7001, dated 15th December, 1890, Judicial Department, the ground marked out on the Esplanade, known as the GYMKHANA POLO GROUND, will be RESERVED on WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, the 5th and the 8th instant, respectively, for the purposes of a POLO TOURNAMENT.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office, Bombay, 4th October, 1892.

THE KUTCH MANDVI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No 243, Bazar Gate Street, on SATURDAY, the 15th October, 1892, at 2 P.M., to consider the advisability or otherwise of Voluntary Winding up of the Company under the provisions of the Indian Company's Act.

By Order,
ખાટાણી જીવણદાસની કંપની.
i. e., KHATAU JIVANDAS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

SCRAP IRON AND STEEL FOR SALE.

THE AGENT is prepared TO RECEIVE at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY, 12th October 1892. Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 23 different descriptions of Scrap Iron and Steel, aggregating about 1380 tons, now lying in the Stores Yard, Wari Bunder, Mazagon, where the same may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers must be made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and be sent in, accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 5 per ton, up to a maximum of Rs. 1,000, as as urity for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and all lots must be removed within two months from date of notification.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office: Parel, 30th September 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that ROZA MARIA VAZ MARTYN and S. MARTYN have contracted TO SELL their undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim against the same by way of gift, inheritance, sale, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise may make the same known to the Undersigned at his Office, No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the said sale will be completed without having regard to any such claim, if any, and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:—

All that piece or parcel of fazundari land of perpetual tenure, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Dr. Lima Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes and Taxes under Act II. and Ward No. 406, Street No. 3, the ground containing by admeasurement 557 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the East by the property of Hossain Bhoy Ibraim Hyder, on the West by the Government well and vacant land, on the North by a passage, and on the South by a passage from Belvedere.—Dated this 4th day of October, 1892.

JEMSETJEE CURSETJEE CAMA,
Purchaser's Attorney.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of RUSTOMJEE SORABJEE KHARAS, late of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, deceased.

PURSUANT to "The Indian Succession Act 1865" and to "The Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers Act 1866." Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Rustomjee Sorabjee Kharas, the deceased aforesaid (who for some years resided at Aden, and died at Bombay aforesaid on or about the 29th day of August, 1888, and whose Will was proved by BAI RATANBAI, the widow, and MEHERJEE BHOY RUSTOMJEE KHARAS and JEHANGEER BHOY RUSTOMJEE KHARAS, the sons of the said deceased, the sole Executors therein named on the 16th day of December, 1888, in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims to the Undersigned at their office, No. 30, Medows Street, Fort, the office of the Undersigned their Solicitors, on or before the 15th day of November, now next ensuing, and NOTICE is hereby also given that after that day the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Rustomjee Sorabjee Kharas, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 21st day of September, 1892.

NANU & HORMASJEE,
Solicitors for the said Executors.

TREEPOORAH BHOY ROBY RUSHAYON.

IS really a "DYING MAN'S GOLD DROP" for the Radical Cure of Spleen Enlargement, Liver, Jaundice, Ague, Malarious Fever, and any other obstinate fever of any standing.

It has been found of Wonderful efficacy in every case.

Price Re. 1-Per Phial.

WITHOUT A TRACE OF MERCURRY.
A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

L. MITTER,
11-2, Bazar Street, Calcutta.

May also be had of BABOO BORODA PERSAD BOSE, B.A., Sub-Editor, Anjo Neobasu Press, Calcutta. Bara Nussee Ghosee St.

MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE,
255, ARTHUR ROAD,
(Near the Railway Station)
CHINCHPOOGLY, BOMBAY.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynecological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.

Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.

☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases, and contracts for cure entered into.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT
(By Permission.)

I am thoroughly satisfied with Mrs. Bond in her method of treatment. It is simple, safe, and sure; and the special care she has shown me during my illness, gains her my entire trust and confidence. Mrs. Bond conscientiously fulfils all that she professes to do, and she willingly undertakes the most intricate cases of any nature whatever with a certainty of success. Should the disease not be of very lengthy and tedious, I consider her advice is important. I have found her to be straightforward, honest, and truthful.

My experience of her treatment would be to advise all Ladies to consult Mrs. Bond when they feel diffident to see a Medical man, as she has safely restored me to perfect health and strength again, and I sincerely wish her every success in life.

ESTHER EDWARDS.

Esplanade Hotel, Bombay, 16th September 1892.

N.B.—"MOFUSSIL & UP-COUNTRY PATIENTS" can have consultation and advice GRATIS by letter. A fee of Rs. 5 only is made to maintain establishment towards this end.

Those who prefer writing, or who are compelled by distance to adopt that course, will do well to furnish in simple style every particular as to their complaint.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., Ld.
OFFICES:—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

TELEPHONES,
ELECTRIC BELLS,
LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS, BATTERIES,
MEDICAL INDUCTION COILS,
AND OTHER
ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.

THE COMPANY are prepared to undertake the ERECTION of TELEPHONE LINES and TELEPHONIC INSTALLATIONS for Native States, Corporations, Companies or Private Individuals. Estimates furnished on application.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for Immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSENE OIL 150°, arrived. A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.

Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હોરમસજી હીરજીશાહ એન્ડ કું.
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

FOR SALE FOR Rs. 25,000.

THE GOOD WILL, FURNITURE, and STOCK-IN-TRADE of a good paying business in Rangoon, known as the BRITISH INDIA HOTEL, situated in the widest, and most Central Road of the City, the only Hotel in Rangoon, connected throughout in all the Bathrooms with the latest water, and sewerage connections, and holds a Bar and Hotel, fixed fee License, has not changed Proprietors. Established since 1874. The Proprietor wishing to retire will refuse no reasonable offer.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£ 250,000
RESERVE FUND .....£ 223,000
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INTEREST ALLOWED
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ON FIXED DEPOSITS—
12 Months.....4 per cent. per Annum.
6 Months.....4
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For shorter periods, terms on application.

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FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY AND EAST STREET, POONA.

	Rs.	as.		Rs.	as.
6 Carte D' Visite, Full.....	3	0	6 Cabinet, Full	6	0
12 „ „ „	5	0	12 „ „ „	9	0

For any other Size it is so Cheap that no Firm could give it at the same Price.

OUT-DOOR PHOTOS WILL ALSO BE TAKEN.

Ladies will be attended to by an Italian Lady Artist.

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6 Photos, small, our Invention .....Re. 1 4
12 Photos, small, our Invention .....Rs. 2 0

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RICHEST FRENCH FOULARDS.

ASCOTS (For Knot, Ring, or Pin).....Re. 1 8 and Rs. 2 0
FOUR-IN-HAND (For Sailors' Knot)..... „ 1 8 and „ 2 0
Neat Figured Bows (Buckle behind)..... „ 1 4

LIGHT AND DARK FANCY PATTERNS,
NEWEST SHAPES AND DESIGNS.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

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HUNTLEY AND PALMERS,
BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,
READING AND LONDON.

FIELD'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA
(EFFERVESCENT),
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',
AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS

MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM

C. W. FIELD,
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,
CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
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We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send Bankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.

We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.

J. C. LANGDON, DAVIES & CO.,
Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,
BELGRAVE HOUSE, BRISTOL STREET, BIRMINGHAM.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D., *Physician to the Westminster Hospital.*

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL, *Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.*

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S Light was retained, easily tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S., *Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.*

"I found during my Indian experience that the weak and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may look for the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT, *Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."*

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit invariably follow its administration. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Div.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,035
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,020
Bank of Hindustan, China and Japan	10,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	940
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	200	all	5 pr. ct.	110
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Chartered Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	£33
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	40,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	Nom.
Silver Shore	—	—	—	—	—

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,200
Albert Gimlet Co	100	500	all		450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	15 pr. ct.	200
Apollo	750	2,500	2,200	90	300
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil. 40	123
Bombay Cotton Brasl's Sawn-Bore Press Co., Ld.	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	125
Broach City	500	200	200		150
Brosch Co., Ld.	600	200	all	10	220
Colaba Land	1,880	500	500		300
East India	350	1,000	1,000	20	325 w.d.
English Press				45 dvd.	1,450
Bombay Assig.	400	25	...		130
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	Rs. 35	175
French	300	500	all	50	950
Harvey Co., Ld.	500	100	100		300
Sahapathy	450	500	500	50	62
Hingoll Press					137½
Co., Ld.	750	400	all	45	515
Khangaum	240	450	450	20	523
Mahmadpura Cotton Gand P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500		130
Mercantile	1,200	125	125	7½ pr. ct.	515
Motasell Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	98½
Mummar M.	1,000	200	all	Rs. 35	495
New Berar	1,200	500	500	Rs. 45	300
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 13	625½
Prince of Wales	100	500	500		132½
Sahasathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	125
Sawoon	300	500	500	20	500
Shri Ambi Punjab Co.	160	1,000	1,000	25	600
Sind	4,000	2,000	750	35	1,480
Soma Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	35	445
Surat City				75	210
Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all		245
Volkart	...	1,000	1,000	100	Rs. 100

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	93	1,460
Alliance	1,500	100	100	Rs. 10	205
Anglo-Indian	1,250			100	5
Bellary S & W Co., Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	9 per ct.	50
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	500
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	410
Bombay Industrial Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	350 nom.
Britannia Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	30	480
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1,150
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	550
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,08
Commercial Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	730
Coorla Land & Mill	4,000	700		12½	480
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,	Rs. 30	415
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,688	100	100	50	457½
David Mill	1,400	300	300	Rs. 20	440
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	825
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	658
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	515
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	50	745
Hindustan	575	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	795
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	600
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	Rs. 25	625
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,000
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	462½
Indian Manfg.	500	1,000	1,000	Rs.	1,120
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	660
Jaffer Alle	900	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co.	1,200	250	250	12	217½ xd
Jewraj Baboo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830 w.d.
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandelah	700	1,000	1,000	30	630
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	70
Khatao Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	530
Leopold	3,000	100	100	15 pr. ct.	155
Lord Reay Mfg.	450	1,000	1,000	35	7.50
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,157½
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	300	2,330
Mahalaxmee Shoolo Shah Mills (Gulburga)	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	415
Maneckjee Petit	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	475
Mazagon	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,537½
Morarji Goculdas	5,000	0	250	0	150
Muir Mills	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,900
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4.50	108	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,778	100	100	Nil.	pa.
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	120
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	650 w.d.
Oriental	5,750	625	625	Rs. 12½	470
Presidency Mills Co. (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,00	Rs. 50	1,275
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700 xd.
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,135
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,455
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,250
Sonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	580
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	135
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	297½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	12½	225
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	1,000
Swadeshi Mill	3,000	500	500	Rs. 15	525 xd
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	620
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	300
Western India	1,205	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	750
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	75	1,000
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	640

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	260
Back Bay Baths	750	50	150	7½	195
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	92
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Bezar Oil Mills Co. Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100 nom.
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay Pharmacy Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,275
Do. Dew Stone	500	375	225	37½	1050
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	85
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	880
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyser Co., Ld.	500	100	100		70 nom.
Indian Guarantee & Trust					
Ship Assn	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	102
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 22½	200 xd
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Agency	500	500	300	30	130
Maharane Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,5.0	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	500	100	100	Rs. 10	80
Napier Hotel	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	150
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	75
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	462½
Prince of Wales Firein. Bomd Flour Mills	250	8,00	1,000	N. div'd.	2,350
Soundy & Co.	2,500	100	100	...	23
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Ord.	1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	20
Pref.	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	925
Thacker & Co.	1,200	100	100	10	55
Telephone Co.	9,250	25	25	Rs. 1	19

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

			Last half-yearly guar.	
G.I.P. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,400
B.B. & C.I.R. New	£18	...		do.	
Shares	...	£ 18	...		

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 16-2-6
Carolas	„ 230
Mexican Dollars	„ 223
Five Franc Pieces Gold	„ 319
Bar Silver	„ 106-8
Gold Leaf	„ 25-14
Bar Gold, English	„ 25-14
Bar Australian	„ 25-12
Bar Bombay	„ 25-11
Bar Pekin	„ 25-6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	103 11-16
Four-and-a-half per cent.	102 nom.
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	116½
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Port Trust Bonds	101-4

EXCHANGE

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks	On demand	Is. 2 11-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	Is. 2 21-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight	Is. 2½.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do... Is. 2 25-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do... Is. 2 7-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do.	do... Is. 2 27-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do... Is. 2 31-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do... Is. 2½d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do... 1/32.
France	3 Do.	do... 1/96?
Do.	6 Do.	do... 1/97?
Calcutta	At sight	1-16
Do.	60 days	1/8
Madras	At sight	1/8 2-32
Do.	60 days	1/8
China	30 days	do. 2/3

THE CONSTANT USE of Pears's Soap keeps at bay the enemies of the Human Body in tropical climates, Rheumatism Torpid Liver, Bilious Skin and Stone in the Bladder. Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.—MADON, SONS and Co., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Polo Tournament, final.
Albert Press Company, 3 p.m.
The Anjuman-e-Islam-e-Farsi, Hall of the New High School, Fort, 5 p.m.
Oriental Progress Union Lecture, Framji Cowasji Hall, 5-30 p.m.
Concert, Seamen's Institute, 8-30 p. m.
Aryan Social Union Weekly Meeting, People's Free Reading Room, Fort, 8-30 p.m.
Frank Brown's Circus, 9 p.m.

BOMBAY RIFLE CLUB.—There will be no competition at Colaba, on Saturday next, the 8th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Ibo, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, Port Natal, per extra s. s. Naseri, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6-30 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th instant.

A THIRTY-SEVEN DAYS' FAST.—A Marwari Bania, living in the Marwari Bazaar, on Tuesday, completed a thirty-seven days' fast, which he undertook out of religious zeal.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL: ROVERS FOOTBALL CLUB.—A practice game will be played on the Cooperage ground this evening, at 5 p.m.

THEFT AT GOWALIA TANK ROAD.—Syed Ally, a Mahomedan, living at Gowalia Tank Road, has reported to the police, that during Thursday some one entered his house, and made off with property, worth Rs. 175.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT BANDORA.—On the afternoon of the 6th instant, Shiwsee, a fisherwoman, was going along Khari Road, carrying a basket of fish on her head, when a *rekla* knocked her down. She was immediately removed to the Bandora Charitable Dispensary. She is now in a precarious state.

MUSIC ON THE BANDORA HILL.—To-morrow (Sunday) the following programme will be performed by the St. Joseph's Band, on Bandora Hill, opposite the Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy Sanitarium, at 5-30 p.m.:—

March	A Mother's Worth
Valse	Yours Always ... A Gwellym Crowe.
Fantasia	Maritana ... W. V. Wall ce.
Quadrille	The English Woman ... J. Henkell.
Polka	Merry Days ... Oscar Bennett.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FATAL CONSEQUENCES OF A QUARREL.—At about 6-30 p.m. yesterday evening, a woman, named Jankee, forty years of age, endeavoured to separate her son Sumboo from his assailant Sidia in a quarrel between them which took place on the road opposite the old police office at Mazagon. Sidia, it is supposed, resenting her intervention, struck her in the abdomen, and the violence of the blow caused her to fall down and die from its effects, a few minutes after. Superintendent Sweeney and Inspector Gray were promptly on the scene, and took the assailant Sidia into custody. An inquest will be held upon the body of the unfortunate woman this morning.

REPORTED BURGLARIES.—Bhojaee Bibijee, a Hindoo gooru, residing at Shaik Mehmon Street, has reported to the police, that during Thursday evening, his house was broken into, and cash and ornaments, valued at Rs. 762, were stolen from a cupboard.—Gopal Nana, a millhand, residing at Purbhadevi Road, Mahim, reports that his room was entered into during Thursday while he was at work, and a box forced open and gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 316, were stolen therefrom.—A Ma hemedan woman, named Nasiba, living at Arthur Road, reports that while she was away from home on Thursday, some person wrenched off the lock from her door, and purloined four silver bangles, valued at Rs. 20, from a box in her room.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY.—Yesterday afternoon, Constable Roberts produced some jewellery, valued at Rs. 2,296 and two currency notes for Rs. 100 each, belonging to Dadabhoy Jeewanjee, living at Ghoga Street, before Mr Webb, and asked his Worship to make an order to hand over the property to its owner. This property was reported to the police by the complainant to have been stolen from a box in his room on Sunday last. Superintendent Brewin made enquiries into the matter, and eventually found out the property, which was hidden under the floor beneath the staircase on the ground-floor of the house. This property was stolen from the box by somebody, who, however, could not dispose of it, on account of the vigilance of the police.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE CONCERT.—The concert on Thursday evening, at the above institute, in aid of the Sailors' Orphan Society of Glasgow, was a decided success, and the funds of the Society must have considerably benefitted, as the hall was fairly filled. As was to be expected, the officers and men of the mercantile marine service mustered in force, and showed their appreciation of the efforts of the amateurs by joining in heartily in the music of the choruses. The song by Miss Mullin "Queen of the Earth," was encorly rendered. The second portion of the programme, the Grecian Minstrels, formed the chief item in the evening's entertainment and one and all acquitted themselves admirably. The local hits were very good, and the two corner men hosts in themselves.

THE STABBING AFFRAY AT WARDEN ROAD.—Yesterday afternoon, before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, Superintendent McDermott brought upon remand one Somma Basawa on a charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, by causing the death of Gopal Sheeva, a hamal in the service of the family of the late Mr. Ludha Ibrahim, and causing grievous hurt by means of a knife on the night of the 4th ultimo, to Mr. Miralli, the son of the Honible Mr. Framjeboy Visram, and his cousin, Mr. Moosaboy Hasanboy and two of their domestic servants. Mr. Little, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, and Mr. Ferrira, of Messrs. Duphtary and Ferreira, represented the accused. Evidence was then led, which was similar to that adduced before the Coroner, and the case was adjourned.

GOA NEWS.—The probable date for the general election for Portuguese-India is November 6 next. Mr Christovao Pinto will stand for Salcete, Mr. R. C. da Costa for Bardez, and Messrs. Joaquim Arez, and C. Lobo for Ilhas. There will be a contest for the latter circle. But before the general election, the elections to the Municipal Corporation will take place. Preparations are now being made.—Mr. A. C. Supico has been appointed head of the Goa Railway Department on the Portuguese side.—Mr. Joaquim Arez has taken charge of the post of Commissioner of Abkari and Customs, relieving Mr. Gaspar who has been acting for him during his absence in Portugal.—Mr. Wasey, the Engineer-in-Chief of W. I. P. R. Co., has left for Europe on leave, Mr. Brumley, the Assistant Resident Engineer, will act for him during his absence.—The paddy crop this year is scanty owing to excessive rain.

SUICIDE.—Dr. Blaney, the Coroner yesterday morning, held an inquest at Tardeo, on the body of Cooshia Govind, aged about 25 years. The deceased was a mill-hand, and lived with his brother and family at Tardeo. He had been suffering severely for some time past; and left his work for the last three months. On Thursday night, the deceased went to bed, and at about 3 a.m., yesterday morning, the mother of the deceased awoke, and found her son Cooshia missing. Search was then made and Cooshia was found lying near a well close to their house. The police were informed of the matter and the well was dragged, and the body was recovered at about 9 a.m., when life was extinct. There were no external marks of violence on the body. The jury returned a verdict of suicide by drowning himself in a well.

A NOTORIOUS BURGLAR.—In police Holdway, placed before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, a notorious character, named Balla Gopal, on a charge of house-breaking and theft of Rs. 17-4-0, the property of Luxmi, a woman, residing at Parel. On Wednesday, the 5th instant, the complainant as usual, locked up her room and went to work in her mill. At about 9 o'clock the same day, a police sepoy found the staple of the door broken and the door open. Suspicion arose, and the woman was informed of the occurrence. On returning home with the sepoy the complainant found Rs. 17-4-0 missing from a box in her room. Inquiries were then made and the accused who was a jail-bird, having undergone five previous convictions for house-breaking and theft, was arrested while knocking about in that locality, and the amount was recovered from his person. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and his Worship sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

DEATH FROM APOPLEXY.—A Khoja, named Goolam Hussain Mahomud, aged about fifty years, was found lying dead in his room, in a chawl, at Nagpada, on Thursday afternoon. The deceased took tea in the morning with one of his sons, who arrived in Bombay from Karachi, on Saturday last. The son then went out leaving the old man alone in the house, and on returning found the door locked up from the inside. He called out to his father, but receiving no reply, he reported the matter to the police. Inspector Gray at once proceeded to the house, and had the door forced open. Goolam Hussain was then found lying on a cot dead. His body was removed to the morgue by order of the Coroner, who held an inquest there yesterday morning. Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the Coroner, said that he had made a *post-mortem* examination of the body, and was of opinion that death was caused by apoplexy due to excessive drinking, and a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence was recorded.

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE comparative statement of new business received by the Oriental Life Office during the first nine months of the years 1891 and 1892, issued as a supplement to-day, is a record of solid progress, not only in the amount of the business transacted, but also in the general system of management, and it is evident that the continued aim of the board is to make the business one of the largest in India, and to do it by offering to the assuring public, in addition to the inducements which experience has shown to be desirable, some special terms which the past success of the Oriental" permits them to proffer with confidence. Thus we may augur a very brilliant future for the company, which still maintains its position as second to none among the Assurance Offices transacting business in this country.

TO CORRECT THE LIVER, is in Tropical climates, the best medical advice that can be given for avoiding this, what better remedy is there for the purpose than FOTHERGILL'S MADONA. Rs. 1-8 and 2-8.—MADON, SONS & CO., Fort, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

CHARGE OF CHEATING AGAINST A EUROPEAN.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

A SUIT AGAINST THE MUNICIPALITY.

HARI DWARKAJEE THUCKER VS. THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF BOMBAY.

THIS suit was brought to recover Rs. 3,000 as compensation for illegal acts of the defendants, for repayment of a sum of Rs. 5-6-3, which the plaintiff was compelled to pay to the defendants for an order restraining the defendants from preventing the plaintiff from restoring his house, and its rewas to the state in which they stood prior to the acts of the defendants complained of, &c. Mr. Jardine and Mr. Gazdar, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormasjee, appeared for the plaintiff; and the Hon. Mr. Lang and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the Corporation.

The plaintiff's action arose under the following circumstances:—He is the owner and occupier of a dwelling house, situated in Bhoywada, Parel Sometime before the year 1890, he pulled down and rebuilt the house, and in doing so set the foundations in front a few feet back, and erected a rewas against or in front of the house. It is one of a number of detached houses erected on a piece of land belonging to the plaintiff. All the houses have their frontages in different directions without any pretence to symmetry or continuity. Some of them having been erected on portions of the land let out by the plaintiff or his predecessors in title to different persons, who pay fazandari rents to the plaintiff. The other houses were his own property. The piece of land abuts on the west and south sides on two public roads, from which entrance upon the piece of land can be effected in a few places. These means of access are not open to the public at large, but are confined to the plaintiff, his family, his tenants, and under-tenants, and those authorised by them respectively. There is no thoroughfare over or across the piece of land, nor have the public any right of passage or access, nor have they passed or had access over or to it at any time. Beyond the space in front of the plaintiff's house; on which the house that was rebuilt stood in part, there is a strip of open ground belonging to the plaintiff over which as well as over the said space he always exercised undisputed rights of ownership, the public having had no right of passage or excess thereto. On the 27th February, 1890, the plaintiff received a notice signed by the Municipal Commissioner, alleging contrary to the fact that the rewas overhung the street, and requiring the plaintiff under Section 308 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, to remove the structure. On the 25th April, 1890, the plaintiff received a notice signed by Mr. Ellerd Walton, the Executive Engineer, stating that, after the expiration of 24 hours from the service of the notice, he would enter upon the plaintiff's house in order to remove the rewas. On the following day, the plaintiff by his then solicitors wrote to Mr. Walton, denying that the rewas overhung a street or was a contravention of the provisions of Section 308, and stating that the notice to the effect that the rewas would be pulled down was unwarranted and uncalled for. In reply, Mr. Walton repeated the statements contained in the notice, contending that the road over which the rewas overhung was undoubtedly a street as defined by Section 3 w. of the Municipal Act. Other correspondence passed between the parties, and ultimately on the 19th and 20th January, 1891, the defendants and their men wrongfully entered upon the plaintiff's premises, and pulled down the rewas, causing considerable damages and leaving the front part of the house in an unsafe and dangerous condition. At the time the defendants entered the house, no such notice as is required by Section 488 of Act had been given. On the 20th January, 1891, after the defendants had entered upon the premises, the plaintiff received two notices, one signed by Mr. Walton and the other by the Municipal Commissioner, the latter stating that the projecting room on the first floor of the house was in a ruinous condition and requiring the plaintiff to pull down the structure and prevent all cause of danger. The defendants shortly afterwards entered once more upon the plaintiff's premises, and removed a further part of the house, the removal whereof became necessary by reason of the illegal acts of the defendants themselves. They shortly afterwards demanded and compelled payment by the plaintiff of Rs. 5-6-3 as expenses alleged to have been incurred by them in doing the acts already mentioned. On the 28th April, 1891, the plaintiff sent to the defendants the notice provided for by Section 527 of the Act requiring them to give an undertaking not to interfere with his rights in re-erecting the rewas and other portions of the house. The defendants had hitherto refused to recognise the plaintiff's right to compensation for the injury caused by their illegal acts, and had refused to allow plaintiff to re-store the house to its former state. Even if it should be held that a part of the rewas, projected over a street, the defendants were not justified in pulling down the remainder of the rewas which projected over the plaintiff's own land. The plaintiff contended that they were bound to use reasonable care in pulling down which they had failed to do; that the entry of their servants on his premises on the 19th and 20th January, without the notice required by Section 488, was illegal, &c.

The defence to the suit was that the plaintiff's notice of the 28th April, 1891, was not a notice in accordance with the provisions of the Bombay Municipal Act; that the plaintiff was not entitled to maintain the suit; and that it was barred by the provisions of the Act. Without prejudice to the defence on this ground, the defendants said that the plaintiff was not entitled to the relief claimed. The plaintiff, in rebuilding his house, did not set the foundation a few feet back; and he erected the rewas over a street. Subsequent to the service of the notices, defendants' men entered on the premises for the purpose of removing the rewas on the 4th November, 1890, but the work was stopped the same day, as the plaintiff's engineer requested a few weeks' time to remove it, which was granted to him. The defendants presented a bill to the plaintiff for Rs. 1-1-3, being the costs incurred in respect of the work done by the defendants on that day, which the plaintiff forthwith paid. The plaintiff having failed to remove the rewas, the defendants re-entered the premises and removed it, using all reasonable skill and care in so doing, although the plaintiff rendered the work more difficult by obstructing the defendants' workmen. It was untrue to say that no notice was given to plaintiff as required by Section 488 of the Act. The removal of the rewas left portions of the plaintiff's premises in a state dangerous to the public safety, and the defendants, as they were bound to do, had caused such dangerous portions to be taken down. The sum of Rs. 5-6-3 was paid by the defendants without any demur or protest, and the defendants were entitled to demand and receive it, and no compulsion was used. The rewas removed was not worth more than Rs. 20, and the plaintiff had obtained possession of the materials, which he would be able to sell. The defendants justified their acts as being acts they were entitled to do under the provisions of the Bombay Municipal Act; and they submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

Evidence in support of the plaintiff's case was heard during the day.

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 8.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Summary Suits to be dismissed in Chambers, under Rule 71 A
655-68—Manjee Hormusjee Bamonjee and another vs. Luckmidas Coverjee.
665-68—Ramchandra Sadashiv—Alexander Henry Campbell and others vs. Cullianjee Keesowjee and another.
7 8-68—Mavji Goan—Abba Oosman Mahomed and another vs. Hajee Ahmed Bafinda.
782-68—C Tyabjee—Lalun Allena vs Khojee Jethabhai Chandbhi.
783-68—J Murrell—Ardaseer Bamonjee vs Pestonjee Hormusjee.
914-68—John Ollo y—Abba Oosman and another vs Burjorjee Nanabhoy.
1145-68—Hara, C and P—Bhimjee Pestonjee vs Jeewanjee Bayee Cowasjee and another.
47-69—Pandurag—Bapoo Bhowanjee vs Jamsetji Rutnazur.
145-69—Hearn and P—Nusserwanjee Muncherjee Wadia and vs Mahomed Nanabhoy and another.
199-69—M and Green—Hajk Essa bin K alifa vs Lucoomull Mankal and Lukmidas Lukmidas Takechand.
378-69—Manjee and H—William Harbord and others vs Bhaimal Purbari.
468-69—S Pandoorang—Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee and another vs Bomonjee Dossabhoy.
473-69—Man sty and H—Dhurusey Poonjabhoy vs Nusserwanjee—Ardasir Wadia.
581-69—C Tabjee—Nagurmadas Rooberdas vs Nurrotumdas Rooberdas.
For Investigation of Pauperism.
62-92—In person—Chandra Bhago alias Jenni vs Pandoo Bapoo.
63-92—In person—Bhimjee Raghowjee vs Chagan Moolchand and others.
64-92—Payne, G and S—Mrs Jane Waldrin vs Merwanjee Framjee Cooper and another—M N Saklatwalla and another.
65-92—In person—Isaac Ebrah m Avaskar vs David Abraham Avaskar and others—Brown and M.
67-92—In person—Bai Ahir Amar vs Jugmohunsing Sewtahalsing.
68-92—In person—Abdool Rehman Abdul Ahmed Juva vs Dayabhai Purmanund—Thacurdas Dyad Co.
69-92—In person—Hoosein Hajee Siddick vs Hawabai.
70-92—In person—Rhickoo Appajee vs Tookaram Govindjee and another.
71-92—In person—Hallimabai and others vs Ayeshabai.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Peotioned Long Causes.
357-91—Nana and H—Hari Dwarkajee Thakur vs The Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay.

CRICKET.

THE ORDNANCE C. C. VS. THE ROYAL NAVY C. CLUB.

A CRICKET match between these two Clubs was played last Thursday, on the Cooperage, resulting in a victory for the Ordnance by an innings and 39 runs. The following are the scores:—

ORDNANCE C. C.

1st Innings.

Goble, b Hirtzell	4
Rustomji, b Hirtzell	1
Jackson, W. H., c Kirke, b Lieut. Beaumont	45
Green, b Hirtzell	4
Cruickshank, c and b Hirtzell	0
Pinsent, b Hirtzell	2
Jackson, c b Hirtzell	21
Collins, c Kirke, b Lieut. Beaumont	4
Collinson, c Kirke, b Hirtzell	0
Watkins, b Hirtzell	6
Barrett, not out	1
Extras	—
Total	88

ROYAL NAVY ATHLETIC CLUB.

1st Innings. 2nd innings.

Cocks, b Cruickshank	0	b Rustomji	2
Hirtzell, c Pinsent, b Jackson	18	c Barret, b Rustomji	3
Lieut. Boswell, run out	2	c Barret, b Cruickshank	0
Lieut. Wilson, c Collins, b Cruickshank	2	run out	0
Sub.-Lt. Beaumont, b Cruickshank	8	s Goble, b Cruickshank	7
Lieut. Kirke, hit wicket	0	c Collins, b Cruickshank	0
Findon, c Goble, b Jackson	0	b Rustomji	1
		c W. Jackson, b Cruickshank	2
ill, c Collinson, b Jackson	0		
Dr. Fergusson, c Jackson, b Cruickshank	0	run out	0
Ford, c Goble, b Jackson	0	b Rustomji	0
Knox, not out	0	Extras	3
Extras	1		
Total	31	Total	18

FLORILINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanse the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DIVINE SERVICES.

SEVENTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, OCTOBER 9.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—(Choral).—Missa Celestis.—Hymns 161, 312 and 197.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 228, 18 and 223.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Chants.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

No Service.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 235, 186 and 57.
Psalm 24.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

(Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Parade Service.—Hymns 5, 185 and 222.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 279, 182 and 310.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

7-15 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 7, 293 and 235.
9 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 274, 176 and 224.
The offertories for church expenses and

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No exceeding 8 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GOLD WATCH CHAINS.—A large and select assortment of the newest designs in Ladies and Gentlemen's English-made Chains in every style and pattern. Ladies' Albert, Queen and Princess Chains from Rs. 36. Gentlemen's single and double Alberts from Rs. 60.—MARCUS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

HAVING an experienced LONDON IVORY TURNER in our employ, we are prepared to adjust and re-ivorize Ivory Balls.—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 15, Marine Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WAI-HAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

MORTON, MAJU AND Co.'s IMPERIAL FAMILY MIXTURE TEA. Pure, New Season Tea of delicious aroma in flat boxes Re. 1 per lb. Liberal Discount to large buyers.—Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TWO TIGER SKINS, Rs. 60 each, or the pair for Rs. 100. Open to reasonable offer. Owner leaving Bombay shortly. Apply to the "MANAGER," Apollo Hotel.

THE only Firm in India which exchanges old organs of all kinds for new ones, by paying the difference.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of THURSTON'S BILLIARD TABLES, and Furniture of the Hawken's Hotel, at Byculla, opposite the Old Railway Station, TO-DAY, at 1 P.M.

WANTED, for about three weeks, BOARD and LODGING in Fort, or neighbourhood. Apply "U," care of this Office.

WANTED, two second-hand COPPER SYZING CYLINDERS. Apply stating dimensions and prices to "S. B.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, First-Class PRESSMAN, accustomed to Wharfdales. Address "N.," care of this Office.

WANTED, as RESIDENT AGENT in BOMBAY, by respectable and old Established Manufacturing Firm and Indent House, a thoroughly competent Gentleman or Firm. Only those of unexceptionable references can be treated with. Principal will personally see Applicants. Address "Y.Z.," office of this Paper.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Times and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have resided in the Alexandra Hotel for a short time viz. 10 days. Before I stayed at the Royal Hotel, Mazagon, the same proprietor, Mr. Pesonji. I always found every kindness, best of attention, civility from servants, and in fact cannot find words to express how highly I think of all. (Sd.) A. J. FITZHERBERT, formerly Pro., Byculla Hotel.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, is NOW OPEN. It is the most comfortable, the best situated, central and accommodative Hotel on the Hill. Rooms bright, airy, and commodious. All home comforts provided. Terms Moderate.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY.—Suited for Fancy Fairs, Xmas Presents, &c., &c. Designs purely Oriental—School of Art Compound, Esplanade, Bombay.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Detached Bungalows for Families, Single Ladies and Gentlemen can now have private dining rooms. Visitors will do well to apply to the Ripon before making final arrangements elsewhere.

MAHABLESHWAR "FOUNTAIN" (the only first class Hotel) RE-OPENS 1st October; Sets of large nicely ventilated Rooms, having private sitting, facing west. Cuisine excellent. Terms Moderate.

MATHERAN.—CLARENDON HOTEL, well known, most central, very close to Public Offices, Library, &c., is NOW OPEN for VISITORS, who may rely on Mr. DE SOUZA'S well served Table. Terms Moderate.

RACE VIEW HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Have OPENED for Gentlemen and Ladies, next door to Lord Reay Villa.

LANOWLI.—FOREST COTTAGE, FOR SALE, with large Compound, convenient to the Railway Station. Apply to T. KELLY, G. I. P. Railway, Shahabad (Deccan.)

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, open to the Public, near the Railway Station, Poona, by the Proprietor of the Browalee Hotel, Mr. SHAPOORJEE BOMONJEE IRANI.

MATHERAN.—ALEXANDRA HOTEL.—With extension accommodation and entirely under new management is NOW OPENED for VISITORS.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 4, with postage Rs. 5-4, for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REAL MANILA CIGARS.—Nos. 1, 2 and 3 at Rs. 6, 5 and 4 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are carefully selected and packed in boxes of 100 by our Agent at Manila, and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at Lower Rates than any other firm in India.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 9 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, LARGE COMFORTABLE HOUSE, 8 Bed and 4 Sitting Rooms, Room suitable for Billiard Room, Conservatory, large grounds, &c., &c. For particulars apply Lt.-Col BREWSTER, Breoh Holme, Hampton Hill, Middlesex, or Lt. BREWSTER, R. A., Bolarum.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 7.

UNDER the influence of the strong tenor of advices from the governing markets at Liverpool and New York, our Cotton market has shown considerable activity during the past week, and large purchases have been made for export, at daily advancing rates. The setting in of fine weather in the mofussil has much improved the prospects of the growing crop, and a large outturn is now looked for from a considerable portion of the area under Cotton cultivation. In Seeds, also, transactions have been upon a large scale in a firm or strong market, and prices of Linseed and Rapeseed have become more in sellers' favour day by day. Wheat was comparatively neglected during the greater part of the week; but latterly this market has become firm at some advance in rates, though still with only a moderate business passing. Exchange, after remaining steady for a longer time than has been customary of late, has now become firm in sympathy with higher quotations for Silver from both the ruling markets, and rates have advanced to 3-32d. above those which ruled at closing last Friday evening. Government Paper is 3-16 per cent. higher in Fours. Freights are firm; but business has been restricted by the high rates demanded by holders of tonnage. The firmness in Manchester has produced a hardening tendency in prices for Imports; but business is upon a limited scale, the early falling of the *Dewali* this year tending to restrict transactions.

MONEY.—The decrease of 23½ lakhs in the cash balance of the Presidency Bank during the week ending on last Saturday, as disclosed by the Statement of Affairs issued on Monday, reduced the balance to some 365¼ lakhs, and pointed to some further increase in the demand for money as the time for greater activity in trade approaches. In all items in the Return which go to indicate the position of the trade demand, the movements, during the week under notice, was towards a better enquiry; and altogether taking the figures as they stood on Saturday last, the expansion in that direction appeared to be represented by over 39½ lakhs, against 9½ lakhs in the previous week, withdrawals to the extent of 34 lakhs having been made from Private Deposits, while both Loans and Bills Discounted had increased materially. A portion of the withdrawals, however, were probably, as is often the case in the last week in the month, in connection with the Government Paper settlement. That the diminution in the cash balance was so much less than the total amount taken from the Bank for the purposes of trade was owing to the realization of Government Securities, and to a material increase in Public Deposits at the Bank's Branches.

Telegrams were received at the beginning of the week, stating that the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, now the oldest Exchange Bank in this city, will go into voluntary liquidation, but it is expected that an effort will be made to resuscitate the Bank with the capital which should remain after all liabilities shall have been discharged.

EXCHANGE reopened on Monday morning after the *Dusera* holiday with a quiet feeling, at 1s. 2 9-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 19-32 to 3d. for Demand, and remained thereat throughout the day, but with little enquiry; and for December-January delivery, 1s. 2⅞d. was done to a small extent. For Credits, 1s. 2¾d. was named for ready three months' sight Bills; 1s. 2 25-32d. for October; 1s. 2 13-16d. for November; 1s. 2 27-32d. for December; and 1s. 2⅞d. for next year, a moderate amount of business having transpired; and the market closed quiet but steady. The market was quiet again on Tuesday morning, at 1s. 2 19-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2⅞d. for Demand, at which a moderate amount was taken by the Bazaar; and, for forward, 1s. 2 21-32d. for Telegraphic, for transfer next year. For three months' sight Credits, Monday's rates were quoted, and a moderate amount was done thereat; but the business passing either way was limited. Rates were steady throughout the day on Wednesday and Thursday's closing quotations. A little Bank Demand was placed at 1s. 2 21-32d. for November delivery; and for March-April 1893. Telegraphic was done at 1s. 2 11-16d.; in Credits, a moderate amount of three months' sight Paper was placed on the basis of 1s. 2 25-32d., for October delivery; 1s. 2 13-16d., for November; 1s. 2 27-32d. for December; and 1s. 2⅞d. for January-February, 1893, the market closing steady. Yesterday the market opened firm at 1s. 2¾d., for Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 2 21-32d., for Demand, at which there was no enquiry, and at 1s. 2 13-16d., for ready three months' sight Credits; 1s. 2 27-32d., for October delivery; and 1-32d., per month, advance thereafter to 1s. 2 15-16d., for January-February, 1893; and 1s. 3d., at which rates a fair amount of Bills again came out at these rates. For Bank remittance, 1s. 2 21-32d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 11-16d. for Demand were named without finding takers; and before long, two Banks came out at 1s. 2¾d. for Demand, for ready, and October delivery, and speculators bought some 250,000 at this rate, and 230,000 more at 1-32d. lower, and, finally, a little at 1s. 2 11-16d. to cover so-called sales of Gold! This had its effect on the market this afternoon for Bills as well, and sales were made at 1s. 2 27-32d. for October; 1s. 2 29-32d. for December; and 1s. 2 15-16d. for next year, into March, the market having closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 11-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 21-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2⅞d.	"
Do. 4 do.	1s. 2 25-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 2 27-32d.	"
Credits do.	1s. 2 27-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 2 31-32d.	"
Documents 3 do.	1s. 2⅞d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 3d.	"
Francs 3 do.	1-56¼	"
Do. 6 do.	1-57¼	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER re-opened on Monday with a weak feeling, and early business was done in Fours, for Account, at 105⅝, and afterwards at 105 13-16, then at 105¾. Towards the close, however, the market rallied, and left off firm, at 105 7-16 for cash, and 105⅝ for the October account; 102, nominal, having been quoted for 4½ per Cents. On Tuesday the market was strong at some little decline in the cash rate for Fours, but at an advance for the Account. 105⅝ was quoted for Money, and 105 1-16 for the end of this month in the afternoon; but at the close, 1-16 per cent. lower was named. The feeling was steady on Wednesday at a material advance on the previous evening's rates, closing quotations for Fours having been 105 11-16 for cash; and 105 7-16 for the October account; 102, nominal, having been still quoted for 4½ per Cents. Yesterday, the market opened firm for Fours, and early business was done at 105 9-16, and subsequently at 105 11-16 to ¾. Towards the evening a further advance was attained, and rates closed firm at 105⅞ for Money, and 106 11-16 for Account. To-day the market was steady at some decline from yesterday's final rates, Fours having been quoted at 105⅜ for cash, and 105 9-16 for the settlement at the end of this month; but at the close the feeling was quieter, and 1-16 per cent. below the above rates was quoted. 4½ per Cents closed at 102, nominal.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is ⅜ per cent. higher, at 116¼. Port Trust Bonds have advanced ¼ per cent., to 104½.

SHARES have been quiet throughout the week, and the changes in Cotton Mill and Press Shares which have taken place, have been ready as often in buyers' as in sellers' favour, notwithstanding that, in the case of the latter, a full Cotton crop should tend to enhance their value. Compared with our quotations of last Friday evening, we have now to report an advance of Rs. 10 in Sunderdas Mill Shares; of Rs. 7½ in Manockji Petit; of Rs. 20 in Ripon and Bombay United; of Rs. 5 in Swadeshi, Oriental, and Colaba Land and Mill; and of Rs. 2½ in Imperial, and Luckmidas. On the other hand, National have declined Rs. 40; Coorla, Rs. 7½, Alliance, Howard and Bullough and Western India, Rs. 5; and Empress and Southern Mahratta, Rs. 2½ each. In Press shares, there has been an advance of Rs. 15 in Breul's Cawnpore; of Rs. 10 in Munmar; and of Rs. 3¾ in Mercantile; while Mofussil have declined Rs. 10; and Bombay Cotton, and Harvey and Sabapathy, Rs. 5 each. In Miscellaneous shares there has been next to nothing doing; but we note an advance of Rs. 75 in Bombay-Burma Trading, first issue, and of Rs. 20 in the others. Port Canning are Rs. 2½ higher. Bombay Ice have declined Rs. 2. Bank of Bombay and Bank of Bengal shares have both advanced Rs. 5 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Owing to the firmness in the Manchester Market induced by the rise in Cotton dealers here have been making higher rates for Staple *Grey Goods*, in some special cases their demands have succeeded; but rates generally are the same as they were a week ago. Up-country buyers are now operating rather more freely, the advent of fine weather in the districts having much improved the harvest outlook. For *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red*, and *Printed Goods* there has been some little improvement in demand, and rates, generally, are steady. In *local goods*, light weights of T Cloths and Chadars of all sorts have been more easy of sale. The clearances of *Imported* Goods during the week have been 3,500 packages; those of *locally made* Goods, 2,000 bales.

YARNS.—The market for Imported Twist keeps steady at previous quotations; but business has been upon only a moderate scale. Sales of *Local Spinnings* in China for last week were 9,000 bales, with Exchange up to Rs. 226½. The rise in the price of Cotton has brought forward more China buyers in this Bazaar, but the position is much the same as before. At closing, a steady enquiry for the China Market had again set in, the following being the official quotations. The week's sales sum up about 3,000 bales.

Twist...	... No. 6s	Mule, As.	4¼	to 4¾ per lb.
" ...	... " 8s	" "	4¾	" 4¾ "
" ...	... " 10s	" "	4¾	" 5¼ "
" ...	... " 12s	" "	4¾	" 5¼ "
" ...	... " 16s	" "	5¼	" 5¾ "
" ...	... " 20s	" "	5¾	" 6¼ "
" ...	... " 24s	" "	6¼	" 6¾ "
" ...	... " 30s	" "	6¾	" 7 "
" ...	... " 40s	" "	8	" 8¼ "

METALS.—There has been a moderate enquiry for *Copper*, and prices are 2 annas per cwt. higher, the market being steady at the advance. Only a small business has been done in *Yellow Metal*, and prices have declined 4 annas per cwt. in a quiet market. *Iron* has been taken to a moderate extent, and prices are steady at last mail's quotations.

COAL.—The market for this mineral is easy. Sales have transpired during the week of Powell's Duffryn, for October-November shipment, at Rs. 18½ to Rs. 17½; and of Davison's West Hartley, in the same position, at Rs. 17½ to Rs. 17 per ton. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs. 17 per ton.
West do.	" 17 "
Australian	" 17 "
Cardiff...	" 17¼ "

EXPORTS.

COTTON remained steady to the close of last week, with nothing doing for local consumption, owing to the holidays, and not much for export; but, on Monday, although the Mills were still quite out of the market, shippers became large buyers of old stuff from stock, and prices advanced a rupee per candy, all round. Since then, under the influence of the strong tenor of advices from Liverpool and New York, this market has been firm, and a considerable business has been done daily by exporters, both in ready old Cotton, and in arrival contracts for the new crop, while prices have continued to advance at the rate of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per diem. Local spinners have, however, still operated upon a comparatively small scale, and have confined their purchases to ready stuff. Exporters have bought over 15,000 bales during the week (including forward contracts) consisting of old Oomra descriptions, Bhownugger, and Bengals; and Bengals of the new crop for January, Oomra Kinds, for January-March; and Dholleras, for April-May delivery. The Mills have taken about 5,000 bales of old Oomra sorts, and Bhownugger, and a little Compta and Westerns. The market closed firm this evening, with prices Rs. 3 to Rs. 6 per candy higher than they were a week ago.

The fine and seasonable weather which set in over the Cotton area in the middle of last week, still continued in all the districts excepting Barsee, where it was still showery, Monday morning's official telegrams having reported bright weather, with no sign of further rain. The plants were showing, when not shedding, bolls in all districts of the Bengal and Oomra circles; and the crop was showing improvement in parts where it had suffered damage through excessive rain. At Dhulia, picking had partially begun. At Broach, the weather was seasonable, and the plants were flourishing; as they also were in the Bhownugger district of the Dholleras circle; and at Wadwan, in the same circle, the plants were healthy.

Beyond 4 inches at Hubli, in the Dharwar circle, and ½ inch at Barsee, in the Oomra circle, no rain fell in any of the Cotton districts since the beginning of the week, and, in the two mentioned, it looked like clearing up, when the telegrams were sent off yesterday morning. The crop was showing more or less improvement over the whole of the area; and the bolls on the plants were rapidly ripening under the influence of the favourable weather in the Bengal and Oomra circles; at Cawnpore, in the former, the Cotton was ready for picking.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy. Rs.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fully Good	164—3 3-32d.	
Do. Good	"	153—2 15-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	"	178—3 11-32d.
Dholleras Fully Good	"	179—32d.
Do. Good	"	171—3 9-32d.
Bolatee, Fine	"	181—3 13-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	176—3 5-16d.
Oomra, Fully Good	"	182—3 7-16d.
Do. Good	"	178—3 11-32d.
New,		
Broach Fine (March)	"	220—4¼d.
Do. Good "	"	215—4 1-32d.
Bengal Fine Jan.	"	181—3 7-16d.
Do. Fully Good "	"	171—3½d.
Do. Good "	"	164—3⅜d.
Dholleras Fine May	"	200—3 25-32d.
Do. Fully Good "	"	192—3¾d.
Do. Good "	"	184—3 15-32d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.
For the week	2,602	2,302	4,106
From 1st Jan. to 6th Oct.	1,816,223	1,819,195	1,835,006
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	3,013	7,500	6,157
From 1st Jan. to 6th Oct.	892,946	900,150	1,377,943
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,022	4,414	735
From 1st Jan. to 6th Oct.	145,333	738,489	61,413

WHEAT was taken for export to only a small extent, but in a steady market, during the greater part of the past week, prices remaining on their previous level; but yesterday, under the influence of telegraphic advices of a firmer market and some advance on the other side, the feeling here became firm also, and rates moved up an anna per cwt., all round; the demand from shippers, however, was not active, and only a moderate business was done.

SEEDS have been a firm or strong market throughout the week, and a considerable export business has been done from day to day, while prices of *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have advanced half to one anna per cwt. almost daily, our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-15-6	to Rs. 8-2-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat	" 7-7-0	to " 7-8-0	"
" " Cawnpore	" 7-0-0	to " 7-3-0	"
" Red "	" 6-8-0	to " 6-11-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	73,977	133,214	56,179
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	9,021,887	12,174,396	5,013,866
Linseed for the week	23,001	10,230	26,852
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	3,515,582	4,394,022	2,119,357
Rapeseed for the week	27,343	14,703	539
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	1,437,105	1,366,133	888,546
Gingellyseed for the week	8,801	1,523	11,037
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	879,010	974,459	702,302

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	2,000	305,569	24,558
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	8,475,478	10,845,416	3,924,126
Linseed for the week	18,021	72,457	103,196
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	3,423,366	4,160,000	1,978,460
Rapeseed for the week	83,670	54,612	19,978
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	1,280,514	1,265,819	710,222
Gingellyseed for the week	...	...	601
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th October	947,007	1,025,923	843,823

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 6.
10 p.m. ... 81·4

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7.
6 a.m. ... 78·3
10 a.m. ... 83·3
2 p.m. ... 85·4
4 p.m. ... 83·7

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

PAGE. CONTENTS:—
1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY.—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE.
2 HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.—LATE NEWS.
3-4 THE INDIAN CURRENCY ASSOCIATION—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
5 Affairs in Afghanistan—The Isazai Field Force—Mysore Representative Assembly.
6 The Indian Currency Association—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
7 SPORTING NEWS: Cricket:—Bombay Gymkhana vs the Marine Battalion—Cricket at Poona—Bombay Rifle Club—Rugby Football Tournament—The Thana Dak Bungalow.
8 The Bombay Polo Tournament—Quetta Polo Tournament—Behar Polo Tournament—Poona Races.
9 Volunteer Smoking Concert—The New Polo Rules.
10 Bombay Swimming Club—Mr. Bengalee and the Currency Question—Distribution of Prizes to the Bombay Volunteer Artillery—Charge of Cheating Against a European.
11 Military News—H H the Nizam's Government and High Education.
12 Gambling in Bombay—Alarming Carriage Accident—Strike of Mill-hands—Bombay Natural History Society—A Calcutta Trade Grievance.
13 Collapse of the Gallery of a Chawl at Parel—The Stabbing Affray at Warden Road—Driscoll's Patent Buoys—St Mary's College, Mazagon—The North-West Frontier.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

INTERNATIONAL BOAT RACE.

LONDON, Oct.

The International Boat Race between an eight the London Rowing Club and an eight of the Cer de l'Aviron, which has excited great interest, rowed yesterday on the River Seine. The course, is about two miles long, is between Conflan Carrieres and fairly straight, and has the tage of being sheltered from wind by hill both sides. The race which was rowed in po rain, resulted in a victory for the Frenchmen beat the Londoners by two and a half lengths. spectators were present owing to the bad weather.

THE CHOLERA.

A dock labourer at Cork died from cholera yesterday.

LORD TENNYSON'S LAST MOMENTS.

Lord Tennyson's end was most peaceful. The room in which he died was lighted only by moonbeams.

It is probable that his remains will be interred in Westminster Abbey.

LORD HAWKE'S DEPARTURE POSTPONED.

LONDON, Oct. 7.

Lord Hawke is suffering from a severe chill, and has postponed his departure for India until 20th instant, but his cricket team will sail on the 14th instant.

MR. W. DIGBY.

Mr. W. Digby, C.I.E., has sailed in the s. s. Sutlej for India to attend the National Indian Congress.

THE CHINA TRADE AND EXCHANGE.

The China trade section of the London Chamber of Commerce have resolved to recommend the Council of the Chamber to urge Government to adopt, in concert with Europe and America, means to lessen or remove the existing uncertainty in the exchange between silver and gold using countries.

OBITUARY.

The death is announced of Surgeon-General Richard Elliot.

[Surgeon-General Richard Coffin Elliot, C.B., joined the service in 1839, and since 1876 had been on the Retired List. He served through the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the affairs of Bulganac and M'Kenzie's Farm, battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkerman, siege and fall of Sebastopol; after promotion to Senior Surgeon of Royal Artillery, was appointed Superintending Surgeon of the whole of the Ordnance Corps in the Crimea. (Medal with four Clasps, C.B., Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish Medal—twice mentioned in despatches). Served in India in 1857-59, and was present at the action of Pandoo Nuddee, operations before Cawnpore on the 27th, 28th, and 29th Nov. under General Windham, battle of Cawnpore on 6th December (twice mentioned in despatches, Medals.)]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, Oct. 7.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Ganges, with the outward mails of the 30th ultimo, left Suez, at 5 a.m., to-day.

ADEN, Oct. 7.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Siam, with the homeward Indian mails of the 1st instant, arrived here at 4 a.m., to-day.

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 7.

A Resolution on the working of the forest school at Dehra Dun has just been published by the Revenue Department. The number of students in 1891-92 was seventy-eight. The Governor-General-in-Council agrees that a competetive examination for forest service shall take place before entrance into the forest school. The Local Governments are informed that it is open to them to rule that at competetive examinations special considerations will be given either by an award of marks or in such other manner as they may think fit to school certificates, special recommendations, as well as physical qualifications. In order to secure the most suitable students the Government has no desire to discourage the appointment or nomination to Provincial Forest service of suitable and deserving Anglo-Indians and Eurasians. An Assistant Agricultural Chemist has been appointed, and will arrive in November.

INDIAN CROP REPORTS.

Madras.—The rainfall is heavy in the Circars and the Carnatic. Rain is wanted in parts of Southern Madras. Standing crops are thriving and harvest is progressing. The outturn is of the average, except in the southern districts, where it is poor.

Bombay.—Rain is general; and prospects are generally favourable.

Bengal.—There has been general rain, which has greatly benefitted the rice crop. The harvesting is nearly over, and sowing is in progress in the North-West Provinces. The crop prospects are good, and sowing has begun.

Punjab.—The prospects of the standing crops are good, and more rain is required in two districts.

The Central Provinces.—The autumn outturn is anticipated, and sowing has commenced.

Burma.—The standing crops are in good condition, except in Thayetmyo.

Assam.—The prospects are good.

Mysore.—The crops are good, and more rain is needed.

The Berars.—The standing crops are damaged by excessive rain.

Central India.—The condition of the crops are good.

Rajputana.—The autumn crops are damaged in three states.

Ajmere.—In Merwara the prospects were good. Three hundred and thirty-one labourers were employed in Merwara on famine works; and six hundred and twenty-three persons were supported gratuitously. Relief works have been finally closed in Ajmere on 27th September.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Military Department.—The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—Lieutenants Maxwell, 7th Bengal Cavalry, for one year; Willoughby, 2nd Bengal Lancers, for one year; and Macconachey, 7th Bengal Cavalry, for one year.

The following Officers have been promoted:—Majors Alexander, Rindomoore, Creagh, and Herbert Sawyer, to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Captain Neal, Deputy Commissary, Ordnance Department, has been permitted to retire.

Finance Department.—By the order of the Council the provisions of the Foreign Deserters Act have been extended to the crews of the ships, belonging to the citizens of the United States.

Revenue Department.—Lieutenant Symonds, 31st Bengal Infantry, has been appointed Assistant Superintendent, Second Grade, on probation, Survey of India, Military Secretary's Office.

Finance Department.—Mr. Finlay, Secretary, has been granted privilege leave for two months and seven days, from 7th November, and Mr. Stephen will officiate.

Public Works Department.—Mr. Rench, Third Grade Executive Officer, Burma, has been permanently transferred to Assam.

Mr. Mathew has been confirmed as Manager, Burma State Railway.

The services of Mr. Bestie have been placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

Mr. Gregory, Revenue Railway Establishment, has been permitted to resign the service.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, Oct. 7.

The s. s. Malacca left here to-day.

ADEN, Oct. 6.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Imperator from Bombay, 1st inst., arrived here this afternoon.

PLYMOUTH, Oct. 6.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Golconda arrived here this morning.

PENANG, Oct. 7.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Thiabe left for Bombay this afternoon.

The s.s. Persia left Suez for Bombay this morning (7th).

The Italian steamer Bisagno, which left Bombay on the 17th inst., arrived at Hongkong (to-day), the 7th.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm.

Good Obollera ..... 3 9-16d.

The Manchester Market very strong, prices hardening.

2½ per cent. Consols 97¼

3 per cent. Reduced 99⅞

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 107¼

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 64⅛

Bar Silver 38⅛

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £26,900,000; decrease, £280,000; public deposits, £5,700,000; increase, £600,000; other deposits, £33,300,000; decrease, £2,400,000; other securities, £25,100,000; decrease, £700,000; notes and gold, £16,200,000; decrease, £100,000. The Bank's reserve is 41 per cent. of its liabilities.

THE POLITICAL OFFICER AT LUSHAI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 7.

Mr. Davis, Deputy Commissioner, Kohima, succeeds Mr. McCabe, Political Officer, Lushai Hills.

THE 5TH SIKHS.

...t of the 5th Sikhs, which is to serve ... British Agent at Gilgit, arrived at ...ptember 29.

...RI KACH FORCE.

...d Sikh Infantry, has been ... of the force at Kajuri Kach, ...ith Captain Johnston, 5th ...ade Major.

... CHITRAL.

...raging in Chitral between ... for the throne; both are ... anxious for the support of the Gov... of India. The confusion has spread to the Shakis, who are fighting amongst themselves.

ROUBLES ON THE CHILAS BORDER.

Table also threatens on the Chilas Border; several murders having been committed of late in the Khmir Territory by the Chilasis.

COURT-MARTIAL ON THE MURDER OF CAPTAIN KEARNEY.

A court-martial has been summoned to assemble at Manda, to try two men suspected of the attempted murder of Captain Kearney.

MURDER AND SUICIDE AT JHANSI.

A sad case has occurred at Jhansi, yesterday. The wife of the color-sergeant of the Wiltshire Regiment and the orderly-sergeant were missing, and it was supposed that they had eloped. Letters were subsequently found, which led to the belief that the case would have a tragic ending. This was proved by the police finding their dead bodies side by side a few miles out. The man had apparently shot the woman first, and next blew out his own brains by the revolver.

THE OCCUPATION OF BAIO.

A correspondent, from Palosi, who has just returned from Baio, wires that the advance took place according to the plans arranged. Both the Brigades arrived at the Baio Ridge at 7-30 this morning. There was no sign of the enemy; the road had been much improved by the Sappers and Miners, but the ascent was extremely difficult. The defences were destroyed and towers blown up. The first Brigade will return here to-night; and the second Brigade bivouac at Manjikhote and return to Towara to-morrow morning. The view from Baio is very fine; all the Boner country down to the Umbayia Pass being seen to advantage. The mountain batteries were in the position on the ridge about 2,000 yards from Baio, when an advance was made, and if any opposition has been made their help would have been indispensable. Orders are now expected for troops to return to Cantonments. Water was scarce, and troops were severely tired. The work of the Sappers and Miners was excellent.

EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 7.

The thirteenth anniversary meeting of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association was held this evening. The report showed that the Association had maintained its position during the year, but with very little increase in its members. The president, in his annual address, argued in favour of the Association being a political one, including the British-born subjects. Mr. Justice Hendley, who presided encouraged this view, but did not think much success would attend the effort to secure employment for the Eurasians as soldiers.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 7.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—5th Bombay Light Infantry.—Surgeon-Captain Hojel, M.S., on return from leave, to officiate in medical charge till relieved by Surgeon-Captain Fooks, on furlough, and on relief will join at once the 5th Bombay Cavalry, *vide* Bombay A. O., No. 293 of 1892.

13th Bombay Infantry.—Lieutenant Lloyd-Jones, officiating Wing Officer to be Wing Officer, vice Captain Way deceased.

24th (Beluchistan Regiment) Bombay Infantry.—Lieutenants Rowlandson and Geoghegan, officiating Wing Officers to be Wing Officers; the former will be graded below Lieutenant Walters and above Lieutenant Twigg.

25th (3rd Beluchistan Regiment) Bombay Infantry.—Lieutenant Sillery, Wing Officer, 26th Bombay Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity, and will be graded below Lieutenant Harrison and above Lieutenant Clay.

26th Bombay Infantry.—Lieutenant Sartorius, Wing Officer, 19th Bombay Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity, and will be graded below Captain Graves and above Lieutenant Sillery.

27th Bombay Infantry (1st Beluch Regiment).—Lieutenant Nuthall, officiating Wing Officer, to be Wing Officer.

Major Sawyer, Assistant Adjutant General, is transferred temporarily from Mhow to the Poona District, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Stoford, on special duty, or until further orders.

Surgeon-Captain Addison, Medical Staff, on arrival from England is posted to the Mhow District, for general duty.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Captain H. W. B. Johnson, Liverpool Regiment, is directed to proceed to England *en route* for Bermuda to join the 1st Battalion of his Regiment, into which he has recently been promoted, travelling at public expense, under para. 2129 Army Regulations India, Volume 10, Part 1.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief:—Surgeon-Major Croly to remain in England from 20th September, 1892, to the date of re-embarkation for duty in India, in extension of leave granted him in Bombay Army Order, No. 167 of 18th March, 1892.

Surgeon-Captain Culling, to remain in England from 6th October, 1892, to 5th January, 1893, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave, granted him in Bo. A. O., No. 178 of 25th March, 1892.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—21st Hussars—2nd-Lieutenant, Da Costa, (Officiating Wing officer, 20th Bombay Infantry) from 1st to 12th November, 1892, in extension of leave, granted by Bo. A. O., No. 240 of 29th April last.

Royal Munster Fusiliers.—Lieutenant Walker (Officiating Wing Officer, 3rd Bombay Light Infantry) to Poona, for the months from date of departure, to study native language.

I. M. S.—Surgeon-Captain Bamon das Basu, in India from 10th July to 9th September, 1892, on private affairs, under leave rules for Staff Corps.

Lancashire Regiment (2nd Battalion)—Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Sharp to England, for six months on private affairs.

THE B. P. RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

It is notified for information that the Poona Central Meeting of the Bombay Presidency Rifle Association will commence this year on 15th November, and attention is invited to the programme which has been recently issued.

2. H. E. the Commander-in-Chief desires that General Officers commanding will ensure the success of the meeting by affording every facility for attendance to all those desirous of competing in so far as the exigencies of service permit.

3. Warrants should not be issued to officers or details on travelling to rifle meeting for duty or as competitors.

4. Accommodation for the men arriving at Poona will be provided by the General Officers Commanding the Poona District.

5. Should cholera be prevalent on any of the routes to be taken by the troops it shot be made known to the Quarter-Master General, and further instructions awaited.

Officers Commanding Corps should at once submit to the Ordnance Depot, Poona, their payment requisitions for ammunition required for practice in order that the sanction of the Inspector-General of Ordnance be obtained prior to the arrival of parties from their regiments. Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, in command of parties, should be furnished before leaving regiments with delivery, and receipt vouchers in duplicate duly completed (with the exception of column "total" which may be in pencil) for return of boxes ammunition S. A. Rifle mark 2 and Case Carriage empty M. H.

BOMBAY POLO TOURNAMENT.

The final of the Polo Tournament will be played to-morrow, commencing at 4-30 p.m. sharp, between the 7th Hussars and the Poona Gymkhana.

7TH HUSSARS.	POONA GYMKHANA.
Lieut. Brooke, No. 1.	Capt. Baxter, No. 1.
Lieut. Beresford, No. 2.	" Haswell No. 2.
Capt. Carew, No. 3.	" LeGallais, No. 3.
Lieut. Foore, back.	" Colgrave, back.

Umpires: Meath, Gray and Trevor.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.

What women are doing is not an easy question to answer week by week. Though few opportunities are let slip by the open-eyed energetic girl of the present day, there comes an interval occasionally when the march of women towards notoriety is brought to a full stop by the want of new lines to open, or like Alexander's triumphs for want of other worlds to conquer. But though novel ways of earning distinction and reward may fail, there is always, in a world where sorrow and joy, sickness and health go hand-in-hand, an opening for the women who devote themselves to works of mercy and kindness. The cholera epidemic has been the latest opportunity for showing the bravery and self-sacrifice of volunteer and professional nurses—and those who died in the exercise of their duties have earned in the eyes of their fellow men and women not only soldiers' laurels, but the palm of martyrdom. In the Golden Book at the Hotel de Ville in Paris the last name added to the list of people, whose memory France desires to honour, is that of the hospital nurse, Madame Miederlander, who recently died of cholera at her post in Paris. When a special appeal was made for volunteer nurses in the cholera wards, Madame Miederlander was the first to come forward. "Let me have the hardest place" was her only stipulation, and she was accordingly told off for night duty, having sixty patients under her immediate charge. The story of her struggle against the epidemic is short. She was a small wiry-looking little woman, but she would not acknowledge that she was not strong, and the house surgeon seeing that she appeared worn insisted on her taking a few days' rest. On her return, she worked wonders in restoring her patients to health, but while following the physician on his rounds, she was herself struck down with the disease. A young doctor who was on duty bled her thinking to prevent suffocation, but collapse ensued, though a hospital attendant allowed his arm to bleed in order to transfuse strong blood into her veins, she sunk rapidly into her last sleep. In order not to frighten people her funeral was simple and almost private—staff follow... printer, and some of the hospital recognition of her service to the grave, which in her rest in perpetuity. ...city has secured for

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A less inspiriting and even more p... in a woman's career is commented on by ... of the courageous little paper *Woman*, which we ... after week, sometimes wisely and sometimes foolishly, attacks women's oppressors of any degree, profession, or persuasion with the daring of a little terrier determined to have its rights. This week the offender who is pilloried is chaplain of Holloway prison; and there will be very little doubt of his having merited the attack if the circumstances are exactly as reported. A young theatrical chorus girl, overweighted by troubles, sought forgetfulness first in drink, and afterwards like Hood's sorrow-stricken heroine, in the black flowing river. Her attempt to end her life, having been mercifully frustrated, she was charged with "attempted suicide," and ordered to find two sureties of £20 each for her good behaviour, or in default to be imprisoned for three months. Mrs. Carson, the founder of the Theatrical Ladies' Guild, a society of charitable women, who look after the poor and the troubled of their own profession, arranged to find the sureties and take care of the girl, provided she could prevail on her to take the pledge. After calling in vain many times to see the chaplain at Holloway prison in order to ask him to use his influence with the prisoner, Mrs. Carson addressed him in writing and in answer to her letter received a postcard, signed "Acting Chaplain," saying as curtly as possible, that he "declined to pronote M. H's. return to her former occupation, believing it to be fraught with exceptional temptation." Apparently he thought three months of jail experience in company of the lowest characters would be a preparation for a higher life. But those who know the world better, realize how hard it is to get away from the shadow of a prison. There are very few places open to those who have had such an experience. We do not choose our governesses, our cooks, our children's maids, or our charwomen, even from their ranks. Nor are these the days of miraculous conversions when actresses like Pelagia fled into solitude to repent. If her professional sisters were willing, with the greater charity of people who do not set themselves up as standards of perfection, to take her back into their ranks, the chaplain—who probably would not allow her the privilege of washing his family linen—had no right to interfere, and against the opinion of her own sex to set himself up as a judge of the possibilities of a woman's future. Women do not often err in showing too great tenderness to their sisters. Rossetti recognized this in his lines:—

"If but a woman's heart might see
Such erring heart unerringly
For once! But that can never be."

And the same feeling pervades his poem on a withered rose.

"Yet still it keeps such faded show
Of when 'twas gathered long ago,
That the crushed petals lovely grain,
The sweetness of the sanguine stain
Seem of a woman's heart must make
Her pitiful heart; so prone to ache
Love roses better for its sake
Only that this can never be
Even so unto her sex is she."

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The sorrows of a girl against whom all righteous women turn in scorn—the story of trustful love and broken faith, which Walter Scott and George Eliot have so pathetically told, has been repeated by Miss E. F. Pinsent, in *Jenny's Case*, just published by Sonnenschein, in 2 volumes. The scene is laid in a Marsh Village, among people of low life, but not more elastic views of right and wrong than their more cultured neighbours. Jenny, "A Union girl" but very pretty and fascinating in spite of her humble origin, is in love with the scamp of the village, a pleasant idle ne'er-do-well, whose love of the ale-house and talent for poaching has often brought him within uncomfortably easy reach of the strong arm of the law. However with a view to marrying Jenny, whom he sincerely loves, he makes an effort to reform, and gets the offer of a situation as under-gamekeeper to a neighbouring squire. But meanwhile a policeman wooes her and with the promise of marriage, and all the grandeur of position, that belongs to a policeman's wife, Jenny's constancy is shaken; and the poor disappointed lover, whose sweetheart has been stolen just as he had a chance of winning her and making a home of his own, breaks his good resolutions, rushes to the ale-house, and, being found insensibly drunk by his master, loses his situation and enlists. Then little by little the policeman's ardour wanes—he begins to see disadvantages to a man of his standing in marrying a farm servant with no pedigree but the entry in the workhouse books; and when the less charming daughter of a neighbour comes in for a legacy, he cruelly deserts the girl he has deceived with promises, and leaves her to her fate. How the soldier lover returns and the sad story is ended Miss Pinsent tells with dramatic force, and with a sympathetic appreciation of the English peasant nature—strong and shrewd but easily led by love to right or wrong. Miss Pinsent's story is so simple that it would appeal as much to the class to which the little heroine belongs as to the author's usual readers, and through it they might learn the lesson of prudence and self-respect, which is often left untaught by those who are responsible for the education of the masses.

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Another book by a lady author, but of quite a different type, is Mrs. Molesworth's new novel *Leona*. It is a love story, written in the Chatty Society jargon, with which the author has made us familiar. The hero, a rich titled unmarried army man, comes home from foreign service with the idea of settling down and fulfilling his duties to his tenantry, while his family-in-law recognising the splendid opportunity for match-making set at once to work to find him a wife amongst their connection. The plot is simple and unsensational. He is one of those men who is gracious and attentive to all women, full of little deferential duties, and he makes his own observations all the more easily for the freedom with which he adapts himself to the position of tame cat or friend of the family. From this standpoint he compares the wife his relatives have selected for him with Leona, a girl, whom he has discovered for himself in Cairo, with the result that the dark-eyed, wilful but good-natured Leona wins the day instead of the pretty little rosy cheeked blue-eyed girl, whose character is not altogether consistent with her fair faces and heavenly eyes. Mrs. Molesworth is too conscientious in her view of life's responsibilities to injure her hero's prospects by marrying him to the wrong woman, and she gains her readers' sympathies when she concludes her love story happily. But though it is self depreciating to acknowledge it, the truth is that the introduction of a few less gentlemanly gentlemen and less high-strung purposeful women would make the book more natural, and more interesting to the great majority of readers. It is tiresome to be always in the company of persons who are trying to be correct and lady-like. True gentleness is not visible—it is felt—and the very effort to prove it is there, dispels it. Mrs. Molesworth lays too much stress on things which are mere accidents of birth and position, but at the same time she has the power of interesting, and young girls will find her story interesting while their mothers may feel secure that the company of Mrs. Molesworth's men and women will have a good effect on their morals and their manners.

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The choice of exhibits for the Chicago Exposition is in keeping with immense variety of the national taste and the versatility of the national character. Besides a map of the States made in pickles with the rivers of vinegar, all encased in glass we are promised if we go there a sight of the dress worn by a lady on the night of President Lincoln's assassination, and which was stained with his blood. Another novelty will be an enormous hotel built in the shape of an elephant, a howdah on his back being utilized as an observatory. May it be said of these strange vagaries *La folie d'hier peut être la raison de demain.*

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The holidays are over; most of us are home again; the boys and girls are off to school again; the men are back in their offices; we meet each other in the old haunts. The holidays are over—alas! 'Tis sad; the flower of the year is over; the autumn is well-nigh over; winter is at hand; dark days and cold days and days of fog are coming. The worst is that the holiday itself too often has proved a fraud. For seven years August has been cold and rainy. This year it has been fine. And yet——What were we going to do? It was "Bring down the map, boys; give me the handbook. Heavens! what a lovely place we are going to see! What expeditions shall we make! There are six days in the week in which to expeditionise; every day a new place. Here are cathedrals, splendid churches, ruined castles, old mounds, old ports, broad sheets of water, fine bathing. Give us only good weather and we shall have the rarest holiday!" So we start singing and laughing, just like the ladies and gentlemen in the van off for a wayzgoose or a beanfeast. How do we come home again? Grateful? Moderately. Any expeditions? Well two or three. Somehow they never come off, you see, these expeditions that we plan so carefully. Yet quite an old-fashioned August, with a hot sun, a blue sky, fields of golden corn, butterflies, dragonflies, blue-bottle flies, and earwigs. We did not reckon, you see, with certain little contingencies. One of the party has been a mere log with asthma; another is crippled with an obstinate rheumatism; one of the boys has cut his foot. Good-bye, dear doctor. You have been our kindest and most constant visitor. We will give the empty bottles to the poor. So the holiday is over, and we come back to town like those ladies and gentlemen in the van, silent now, and if you speak to us we begin to cry. However, that is all bad luck. Wait till next year. You shall see, next year, what a holiday we shall have.

Some one has told me—or perhaps it was a dream—that in the very charming Welsh village of Llanfairfechan, where you get harpists to play for you, and singing men to "penithle" for you, a gentleman has been fined for actually bathing with his wife! Is it possible that such a criminal can live? Fined? Why, hanging is too good for such a wretch. Let him be put to death with torture; bring out the Iron Maiden of Nuremberg, let me put him in this and and at the very end of the ... It is true that I did the same thing myself two years ago, every day for six weeks. Yes, let me confess it, with wife and children all together. But then you don't know—you cannot know—how I have repented ever since. My costume, I remember with shame, was a carefully thought out thing, a sweet harmony in flannel, striped blue and grey, a jacket with a belt, and short trousers below of the same stuff. It was much admired, I know; I have it still. But never, never, never more. How lucky for that criminal that he escaped with a mere fine! It was mercifully done of those learned magistrates, Longears Apasinine, Esquire, and Sir Sniffer Pernickety, Baronet, Justices of the Peace. But mercy may be carried too far, gentlemen, too far.

A good many letters have been addressed to me of late asking why a certain story is called "The Ivory Gate." As the story is now about to appear in the accustomed form for Messrs. Smith and Mudie, one may be permitted to answer all these letters at once. People who know know their Virgil need not read this paragraph. In the sixth book of the "Æneid"—that wonderful book of allegory and mystery—it is related that there are two gates in the Palace of Sleep. One of these is of horn and the other is of ivory. Out of the former, dreams that are true are issued for sleeping men; out of the latter, dreams that are false. That is all. The application of the fable is left to the reader of the story.

It needs not any recommendation of mine to advance a book by Louis Stevenson. Yet I cannot forbear—all the more because there has been sniffing in divers parts concerning the book—from expressing my ardent admiration of his last work, "The Wrecker." It is not only that he has got an almost new field in the Pacific Ocean; nor because he has got a most wonderful secret to disclose—a breathless secret that no one could possibly discover for himself; nor because it is a strong story from beginning to end; but, in addition to these things, because he has presented us with a small gallery of portraits, any one of which is a finished painting. All the figures stand out as clear and distinct as that figure of Lady Hamilton as Circe in the Guild-hall exhibition of June. I do not know any recent work in which the portraiture is so admirable. The sniffers object to the early chapters because they say they do not advance the story. Foolish sniffers! The story would not be possible but for the characters of those who play the principal part in it. The sniffers object that the characters are men devoid of honour. Foolish sniffers! Art does not deal with good people only, else the Art of Fiction would be tame indeed. And in certain mercantile circles the word "honour" is accepted with a far wider meaning than in girls' boarding schools. Pinkerton, for instance, is a type of the money seeker. He is full of amiability, kindness, domestic affection, respect for art and letters, religion, and everything else; but in money matters he will lie, cheat, over reach, smuggle, and prey ruthlessly on the credulity of his fellows. Nor is London Dodd much better. And they are made what they are by the conditions, the atmosphere, in which they live. And the sea-captains, the sailors, the artists, the Scotchman—they are all real, all living portraits. But the old notion that the principal character must be always a young man of heroic virtue, destined to be successful in the end, takes a long, long time to kill. The Art which produces "The Wrecker" is truer than the old method. In real nature goodness does not always triumph—from the worldly point of view. The novelist of the future will take episodes of real life for his canvas. A love plot will no longer be necessary, nor will the world cry out though the wicked man passes by in the end, smiling, happy, rich, honoured, his eyes swollen up with fatness.

I shall regret the absence of Love, but then it will be a very short absence. We cannot do without Love in Art. It is true that the Love of the present day is represented by novelists and poets as a mild emotion indeed compared with that of old. One reason is that we are closer to reality; another is that our passions are much more governed than those of our grandfathers: no young man now burns, melts, maddens, rages, despairs, sighs, weeps, sobs, storms for any young woman. If she be not fair for he, what cares he how fair she be? He looks about for another. On the other hand, if she is kind, he is constant—generally. And in the old days he used, too often, to sigh and burn for another, after a time. Yet Love is, and always will be, the most important event in the whole of life, and the most delightful. Wherefore, though I see uprising a whole school of novelists who will have no Love in their pages, the reign of the loveless will be short. Portraiture an incident—not portraiture alone, the taste for which is an artificial thing and cannot last long; nor incident alone—which one may get for a penny, hot and strong; but portraiture an incident, the latter based upon, and caused by, the character of the former.

When was it—last week, every week—that we talked of women's employment? Here is a story sent me by a lady: "The other day I saw an advertisement in the paper which seemed to offer a chance. Two girls were wanted for some kind of work on a journal. That very morning I hurried off to the place named. The office was on a third floor. The stairs, the passages, the entrance were blocked with women of all ages—from young girls of fourteen to the middle-aged and the elderly—pressing in, pushing, waiting, eager for the chance. Some were waiting on the stairs for three hours before the manager put out his head and shouted that he was suited, and that we could all go away again. The pay offered was 5s. a week." As we are not informed of the kind of work or the hours required, no opinion can be formed as to the generosity of the employer. But think of this rush—this crowding and waiting—just for 5s. a week. The more one looks into the thing the more one discovers the misery, the shame, the hopelessness of the struggle, and the daily increasing number of those who join in the struggle. How shall we find work for them? How shall we keep them out of the hands of the sweaters? Meantime, young mothers, endow your daughters. Keep them out of these awful crowds. Give them, at least, enough to ensure them from want. You can do it while you are young. You can buy for your child little by little, if not all at once, a deferred annuity. Think of these wretched ladies fighting by hundreds for a poor little place worth no more than 5s. a week—the wage of the errand boy! I know that very few will make the necessary sacrifices for this endowment, because women commonly prefer to hope and to wait on Providence when they ought to be providing for the future; and because the Voice which speaks of possible disaster, disease, and death, of broken fortunes, dependence, and destitution, is a Voice crying in the wilderness; a Cassandra-like Voice; a bore and a nuisance. Yet—if you could only—O, young mothers!—hear the cry of the girl who has to find work! If I were the Voice of Hood, O, young mothers! I should make you hear that cry; I would force it upon your ears—you should be compelled to listen and you should shudder; for you should know it for the cry of your own children, and you should no longer allow it to continue in your Fool's Paradise.

Early in this still present year of grace, being in the south-west corner of France, I assisted at a village fair. I there marked the slouch of the rustics, their heavy gait, their rounded shoulders, their shapeless hats of felt, and their uncouthness. The other day I heard of a place where, on Saturday nights, the rustics assemble and dance—man with man or boy with boy. Thither I repaired. I found a room filled with men. Beer—I mean tea—began to flow at the village expense, and tobacco was freely exhibited; and the atmosphere presently became charged with mingled fragrance, a perfume of many ingredients. And the dancing began. It was a kind of clog dance, executed with conscientious step and true time, to the scraping of a fiddler who only knew one tune. Presently there fell upon me the sense of having seen it all before—the round shoulders, the heavy gait, the ... h, the start into activity, the shapeless hat of ... I recognised it as belonging to other surround... The rustic is alike all the world over. For... ty youth of Norfolk in these respects resem... lusty youth of Gascony.

...here is a thing hard to understand. We ...ng along the road between two villages ... met two men with a hand-cart. They ... like fishermen, but with a difference, ... a red sash round their waists, and ... more picturesque than is usual on ... Fishermen on the shores of the ... Opera House, Covent Garden, some... like this, but not fishermen of the ... Said our driver, "These are two ... some years they come over here, some ... don't. They bring over things and sell ... villages." What do you think they were ... Strings of onions! They actually come ... from France to Norfolk in order to sell ... of onions. Can we not even grow onions ... for our own consumption! The agricultural ..., dear reader, is very difficult to understand. ... that their stock-in-trade was reduced to ... dozen strings, which was the reason why they ... and sang as they dragged their cart along. ... once more on this poor, played-out land of ... not even grow enough onions for our own ... mption?

GAMBLING IN BOMBAY.

The gambling on bagatelle tables, which had caused so much excitement in Bombay during the ... few weeks, was practically put an end to ... yesterday by the vigorous measures adopted by the police. As it has already been stated, notices were ... by the police upon about ninety owners ... bagatelle tables, warning them to discontinue ... game within three days from the service of ... notice. They were apprised by the police in ... case of their failing to comply with the order, ... steps would be taken against them. In accordance with this order almost all the gambling-houses were closed yesterday. Superintendent ... Brennan and Inspector McCormack closed. Several such billiard-rooms were not closed, but the gambling was entirely stopped. The police were out until late last night to see that the order of the Commissioner, requiring the owners of the bagatelle tables to stop the gambling, was carried out in its entirety.

THEFT AT THE BYCULLA CLUB.

At the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Mowatt, charged one Kasam Imaan, formerly a servant, in the employ of Mr. Webb, but recently a waiter at the Byculla Club, with the theft of 32 table spoons, 32 dessert spoons, 7 tea spoons, 17 dessert forks, 4 table forks, and 94 dessert knives, collectively valued at Rs. 160, the property of the Club, and one Kadurbhoy Russul, a hawker, with dishonestly receiving the same knowing it to be stolen. Mr. Pradhan, pleader, represented the first accused. For some time past, the steward of the Byculla Club, found some of the plated-ware missing from the Club premises. He took stock on the 22nd of last month, and found the above-named pieces missing. Inspector Nelmes was then informed of the theft, and diligent enquiries were made. On the night of the 28th ultimo, at about 8-30 o'clock, the police officer, on certain information received, proceeded to Bhendy Bazaar, when the second accused was going along the road with a bundle tied up in his hand The accused was thereupon arrested, when the major portion of the stolen property was found in the bundle. On questioning Kadurbhoy, he admitted having bought them from one Kasam, No. 3 waiter in the Byculla Club. Mr. Nelmes then proceeded to the house of the first accused at Nappada, and there arrested him, but no property was recovered from him. He admitted having stolen the pieces from the Club, and sold them to the first accused. On further search being made, the police recovered some more of the stolen articles from the house of the second accused. The first accused pleaded guilty to the charge, but the second accused urged that he had come from his native country about five months ago, and he made the acquaintance of the first accused, and there purchased from him from time to time the above articles for about Rs. 40. He further added that he did not know the articles were stolen, but on going to sell them to a Borah merchant, he asked him to hand them over to the police, as they seemed to be stolen. The second accused was going to the police station with his friend to report the matter on the night in question, when he was arrested by the police. The Magistrate convicted and sentenced both the accused to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

ANOTHER STRIKE OF MILL-HANDS.

About eighteen months ago, Messrs. Nusserwanji M. Petit and Sons, the agents of the "Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company," at Tardeo, thought it advisable to bring about some reduction in the wages of their mill employes, owing to the market getting slack, and the mill operatives understanding the exigencies of the times submitted to the resolution. Suddenly the workers in the weaving department refused to work since Tuesday last, and demanded their former wages. The agents tried to induce them to resume work, promising that in due course of time their request would be attended to, but the strikers held out, and refused to come to any settlement. The other spinning, carding, reeling, jobbing, and blowing departments of the above mill continue working as usual, while the weaving department alone has stopped since Tuesday. Superintendent McDermott and Inspector Moore, in charge of that division, on getting the information, repaired to the mill premises and tried to bring round the strikers, but as they refused to return to work, special arrangements have been provided for in case of an emergency, but till yesterday evening nothing to cause a breach of peace has taken place.

SALVATION MARRIAGES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I see by to-day's "War Cry" that four members of the Salvation Army have been given license by Government to perform marriages between Native Christians. I would like very much to know what in the eye of the law, constitutes a Native Christian. Must a Native be baptized in the Christian name or is a simple profession of faith in Christ enough? Of course, it is well-known that the Salvation Army never baptize, and all their so-called converts simply make a profession of faith in Christ. No doubt, this accounts in a great measure for the very large percentage of their converts lapsing back into Hinduism. Major Jaibhai stated in the Novelty Theatre a few nights ago that the Army had 60,000 soldiers (not simple converts) in India. I must confess that I am somewhat sceptical as to this statement, and I for one would like to have some investigation made as to whether it is true, and whether these "soldiers" really know anything about Christianity. It is said that the large number of converts reported do not stay converted, but in a very short time go back again to their old religions. A few months ago reports were made that one or two whole villages in Gujarat were converted, but, after a very few weeks, investigation proved that the converts had all returned to heathenism. Is their present women on a par with that work? They have lately reported some thousands of converts in Gujarat and in Cape Comorin, and in consequence are asking the public for funds to be used in training and taking care of these converts. Can they give any assurance that the money will not be wasted in taking parties of officers around the country, and that in a few weeks if the work is examined, the converts will be there?

INQUIRER.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Cathay, Captain A. Symons, will sail to-day for Brindisi, Ismailia and Aden, with the Europe Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr H J Brereton	Mr P H Clutterbuck
Mr McInnes	Mr D B Fox
Mr Guzavi	Mr C D Biscoe
Mr Guethe	Mr H J B Hargrave
Mr C Harwood Clarke	Mr Roberts
Mr and Mrs Nicholas	

FOR ISMAILIA.—Miss Carrie Rose

FOR ADEN.

Mr Keppy	Mr Heap
Mr Connell	

DEPARTURE OF HER MAJESTY'S TROOPSHIP CROCODILE.

Her Majesty's Troopship Crocodile, under the command of Captain C. Church

second is filled with accessary distinction; the third with restoration which has become possible."

M. Darmesteter does not leave his subject without an allusion to the present, with which M. Renan has so eloquently bound the past. Our love of science, which is truth, has but to be wedded with the justice foreseen by the prophets, and the kingdom of God is near. The religion of the twentieth century forms the fusion of prophecy and science.

THE SHOOTING ACCIDENT AT LAHORE.

On Monday, writes the local paper, the police were called to make investigation into the death of Mr. E. McGarry, lately employed in the Punjab Public Works Department, caused by the accidental discharge of a rifle held and in possession of Mr. A. S. Geary, a lodger at deceased's residence, and an assistant in the firm of Messrs. Phelps & Co., tailors. The scene of the unfortunate occurence is a small bungalow of four rooms situated immediately behind the offices of the *Civil and Military Gazette* on the Upper Mall. From the statement made by Mr. Geary in the enquiry it would appear that on Friday evening in last week he had obtained leave from his employers to go out on a shooting expedition, and availed himself of the opportunity for sport as early as 2 o'clock on Saturday morning. He returned at 5 p. m. on the same afternoon with a good bag of game, which was shared by the party making up the household—the deceased, Mr. McGarry, his wife and infant, and Mr. Geary. Up to this point, and until Sunday evening nothing appears, according to Mr. Geary's statement, to have occurred with regard to the rifle, until on Sunday evening a cat came into the bungalow, and upset a jug of milk which was standing on a table in the room. Geary got his rifle (a .380 bore) and loaded it, and waited for some time to get a shot. The cat came and Mr. Geary fired at the animal, missing it. Thinking that the animal not being hit would very likely return. Geary put another cartridge into the rifle and waited until half past 10 o'clock. The cat not appearing, the gun was put on one side. On Monday morning Geary went out at 8 o'clock in search of a room, and drove to the Roberts Volunteer Institute, had a look at the newspapers there, returning home at 11-45 a. m. He had his breakfast and went inside from the dining room to his own room to change his clothes. Shortly after returning to the dining room he discovered that his rifle was rusting and sat down to clean it. Mr. Geary, illustrating his procedure and position said. "I sat down in a chair and rested the rifle on my knee. The muzzle was turned towards Mc Garry's bed room door which was screened by a cretonne curtain. I put the trigger up and started to polish the barrel with a piece of rag. After going up the barrel I returned to the trigger guard, and in cleaning the inside of the guard I snapped the trigger and an explosion followed. McGarry had been coming in and out of the dining room where I was, and had just got in behind the purdah dividing the room. I heard the baby scream, and thinking that the little one was hurt I rushed into the bed room in time to see McGarry stagger as if to fall. I rushed to him, asking "Good God what have I done," caught him in my arms and laid him gently on the floor. McGarry did not speak, but after a couple of minutes he put his arms up over his head and expired. Mrs. McGarry was on the spot at the time. I went and gave information to the police of the occurrence."

Mrs. McGarry's evidence was that she had been all the morning engaged in knitting and had gone to bathe. On coming thence, she heard the report of a gun, and saw her husband stagger; she rushed forward, asking what was the matter, simultaneously with Mr. Geary. She attested to the laying of Mr. McGarry on the floor. Asked if there had been any quarrel between Mr. McGarry and Mr. Geary, she said there had not been any. She said Mr. Geary called a servant, who went for a gharri, and Mr. Geary reported the occurrence to the police.

The police enquiry was conducted by the Superintendent of Police, Mr. Sydney Smith and S. P. Mr. Temple, and Inspector Price. Mr. by Sullivan and Jones were called in on that the watched the evidence given. The end at the at about 7 p. m. Numerous trifler blade, the police at the instance of the medic body, and statements of Mr. Geary. The about 2 inches black of deceased, just ceding to prove that the measuring the bullet position he described. ...consideration, questioning and weighing the statement of Geary, the conclusion was arrived at that deceased was accidentally shot.

The deceased, was a prominent member of the 1st Punjab Volunteer rifles some years ago, and carried a sergeant's stripes for some years. He was also at that time one of the best shots in the regiment. Mrs. McGarry has the sympathy of all who know her in her sad bereavement. Outside her own circle of friends she has been well and favourably known as a very capable amateur actress, who always gave her services willingly and ungrudgingly for charitable purposes.

THE BEHAR POLO TOURNAMENT.

Twelve were nine teams entered for the tournament, namely Mozaffurpore Polo Club (*a*) Mr. Halliday's; (*b*) Mr. Sandilands's; (*c*) Captain Edward.

The Motihari Polo Club; the Samastipore Polo Club; the Rajah Dhyraghs P. C.; the Seeraba Concern team; Mr. Collin's team; the Bettiah Polo Club. The 1st Round.—The Seeraba beat Mozaffurpore, (*b*) Bettiah beat Mr. Coffin's, Capt. Edward's (*c*) beat Bagh-i-Chyraghs, Samastipore beat Motihari, Mozaffurpore (*a*) [illegible] bye. 2nd Round.—Bettiah beat the Seeraba, Mozaffurpore (*a*) beat Mozaffurpore, (*a*) Captain Edward's, Samastipore drawing a bye. 3rd Round.—Mozaffurpore (*a*) drew against Bettiah, Samastipore a bye. This game, which was expected to be the struggle for the Cup, was played on the Mozaffurpore ground on 9th September. Upon paper the two teams looked very equal; if anything public opinion was inclined to favour the Bettiah team. The players were:—Bettiah, M. Lewis, Mr. Appedy, Mr. Ross-Palmer and Mr. W. Dickson, No. 4. Mr. Halliday's Mozaffurpore. Mr. Rowland Hudson, Mr. J. Barclay, Mr. G. Richardson and Mr. M. Halliday.

[illegible] the match ended with a most unexpected result. [illegible] Bettiah team fell to pieces, and Mr. Halliday's [illegible] walked through and over them. When the time [illegible] rang, the Mozaffurpore score stood at 8 goals to the [illegible] club's one. Mr. Rowland Hudson, the show horse- [illegible] of the district, played magnificently, he is certainly [illegible] of the prettiest and possibly one of the best polo [illegible] in India. He plays No. 2, and though he is [illegible] on the ball, yet he is ever there without exertion, [illegible] he takes less in two turns out of his ponies than an [illegible] player will in one. He is a marvellous shot [illegible] goal. He served 7 out of the 8 goals for his four.

Final (Round—Mr. Halliday's (Mozaffurpore No. 1 Team) *v.* Samastipore, played at Mozaffurpore on 29th September. Mr. Halliday's team remained unchanged, Samastipore being represented by Messrs. Fletcher, Cox, Fickford and Moore. This was an absurd [illegible] and it was only through virtue of having repeatedly drawn byes that the Samastipore team met Mozaffurpore in the final. They were outclassed by both the [illegible] of the Home team. Mr. Halliday's [illegible] no match with the sum of 18 goals to nil. [illegible] made 16 of the strokes. Thus [illegible] club has won the cup for [illegible] ough virtue of Mr. Halliday's [illegible] worth Rs. 400, and is presented [illegible] f Calcutta. A new tournament, [illegible], is to be started immediately.

ON ENGLISH MISSIONARIES.

[illegible]ng-pan, which lies to the north [illegible]us the news that Mr. Polhill- [illegible] been mobbed and narrowly [illegible]ps. Mr. Polhill-Turner is one of [illegible] the China Inland Mission, who [illegible]ork among the Thibetans on the [illegible]ving been ill, he moved her to [illegible] for Dr. Parry of Chen-tu. Dr. [illegible] passed here a week ago on their way [illegible]ave met Mr. Polhill-Turner and wife [illegible] down under a strong escort. The Chinese [illegible] the statement that they tried to burn Mrs. Turner and that Mr. Turner was very roughly handled [illegible]g stuck over the head. The reason given is that [illegible] foreigners were blamed for the lack of rain a [illegible]ung-pan; all use of meat being prohibited as food, not [illegible]ven a chicken is allowed the Missionaries.

On arrival at Szechuen Mrs. Turner seemed utterly worn out, and pale-looking, the result of recent rough treatment in Sung-pan riot. Mr. Turner states that he fully believes the riot was due to the fact that the people firmly believed that their presences accounted for the absence of rain. The report was that they had buried a pitcher outside the city wall, and had swept the sky with a brush! The attack was made about nine o'clock in the morning. A servant had taken Mrs. Turner and children up in a loft. Mr. P. Turner tried to reason a little with the crew, which began to fill his yard. Thousands gathered on the street, practically the whole city. At last the fence was torn down, Mr. Turner was grabbed and thrown. His arms and legs were tied with a swung rope. He was robbed, hit with a picket, for a small hole (not yet healed) was made in the skin over his forehead and from this he blood flowed. A rush upstairs was made, and Mrs. P. Turner was cruelly separated from her children. She was severely stunned with a blow. All the clothes above her waist were torn off. She and her husband were then marched, bare headed and under a blazing sun, outside the city. Some were crying to kill them instantly by throwing them in river, or tying them bare, to a stone till the rain came. They both several times fully expected to be killed. Mr. P. Turner had his queue pulled so hard and often that his neck was stiff and sore for days. He was sore all over from kicks received while down. But the principal hatred seems to have run towards his wife, who received the most blame for the lack of rain. At last a military official freed himself in. He asked that they be tried. So they were led to the Yamen. The most unreasonable accusations were brought against them while there. Some punishment was absolutely necessary. Two of their Christain servants were asked if they would be willing to be beaten in their stead. They nobly answered "Yes," and as a result were severely hamboed and changed for two days. The result was that they (the Missionaries) were allowed to stay in the Yamen, although it seemed so little protection that death might be executed any minute. After much delay they got in chairs and, with about half of their thing, were escorted out of town. Mr. Turner hopes Mrs. Turner will stay in Chen-tu and get fully restored. But he expects to return in a month. He is surely fitted to be a Missionary.—*Celestial Empire.*

A CHARMED FOOD for Young and Old! The skilful Production of MUNRO'S COD-LACTONE Possesses the Flesh-forming Properties of Cod Liver Oil and the Bone-strengthening Properties of Lactophosphate of Lime, each of which is a specific for wasting Diseases and Rickets in children.—Rs. 1-4.—MADON, SONS & Co, Fort, Bombay.

THE ISAZAI FIELD FORCE.

CAMP TOWARA, 4th October.

A reconnaissance yesterday, under Colonel Smythe, with the whole battalion of the 25th Punjab Infantry, proceeded via Gurhi and Palosi to Dilyassa. No signs of the enemy, or of any hostile gathering, were seen, nor any man bearing arms. Parties proceeded to Wali, Karar, and Doshkund in search of water. Not much was found anywhere. There will be a great difficulty in the advance, the roads being very bad and impassable for animals. The attack is to be delayed till the 6th or 7th, to allow the roads to be improved. Villages were found deserted. A report says that all the inhabitants are collected on the west side of Baio, but it is not known whether with a hostile intention. Native report say that there is very little water at Baio. A further reconnaissance will now be necessary, to find better roads and more water.

General Pretyman's brigade, with Major Shirres' Battery of Artillery and Nos. 4 and 6 companies, Royal Engineers, marched to Palosi this morning, the latter to improve the road from Palosi to Dilyassa. The brigade is now complete and in perfect order. No cholera had occurred here up to date. There have been 12 cases at Darband, six being fatal. The Gurkhas are suffering much from fever.

TOWARA, 5th October, 8 a. m.

The second brigade has just started for Manjikhot, where they bivouac to-night, advancing by Dobra to-morrow morning.

General Protyman's brigade, with the head-quarters staff, advanced from Palosi to Wali this afternoon, and a combined attack on Baio will be made to-morrow morning.

The troops are rationed till the 7th inclusive.—*Pioneer.*

MILITARY NEWS.

THE batteries arriving in India in relief, and those going home, will not practise in India during the year 1892-93.

THE 3rd Dragoon Guards left Bombay for Natal on the Indian Marine Steamer Clive on Tuesday, 4th instant, and will arrive at Natal on the 19th. The Clive will leave again on the 25th for Karachi with the 11th Hussars on board, arriving there on the 12th November. Surgeon-Captain Trask, Medical Staff, proceeds in Medical charge of the 3rd Dragoon Guards, and will return with the 11th Hussars.

AN Artillery camp of exercise will be held in the neighbourhood of Sangor between the 25th and 26th of January, 1893. The following batteries will take part at the Camp:—6th Field Battery—Major N. I. Nugent, Commanding, at Saugor. 24th Field Battery—Major C. M. Haggard, Commanding at Jhansi. 44th Field Battery—Major R. Wynyard, Commanding. Compore. 5th Field Battery—Major F. [illegible] manding, Nowgong.

LIST OF RE[illegible]S.

[illegible]EL, BOMBAY.

GREAT WES[illegible]
Mr and Mrs G F Taylor, Khan[illegible]
Mr J Georgra[illegible]
R. C. E Rigana
*Miss A Sirma
Mr M L Lahore
Mr R KeSimla
* Mr H[illegible] P Grove, * Mr [illegible]
* R[illegible]nnis, Satara
[illegible]dson, Poona
[illegible] Webber, Satara
[illegible] W King, Satara
[illegible]-Capt Rose, Calicut
[illegible] Lovett, England
[illegible]t G B O'Donnell, England
Rev and Mrs P Telfer, Sydney
* Lieut W Glasgow, Melbourne
*Surgt Capt W S y k e s, Sydney
* Lieut S A Cooke, Poona
Mr G Gay, Agra
*Miss G Cory, Poona
* Lieut C I Scott, Punjab
Capt and Mrs Willcocks, England
Capt and Mrs Gordon, England
* Mr J A Dalton, Igatpuri
Lieut E L Mackenzie, Ferozepore
Rev T Uber, Switzerland
Miss Uber do
Miss Weltz do
Miss M Lee do
Mr A H Khane, England
Mr W L Souter, Dharwar
* Mr F Gibbs, Poona
* Mr A Yoxall do
*Lt-Col H Wood, Poona
Mr and Mrs J Dickinson, Rutnaghery
Miss Dickinson, Rutnaghery

Lieut G Sanders, R A, Poona
Lieut T Henderson, 13th Bo Inf, Poona
Major J E Broadbent, RE, Simla
Surg-Captain S Philson, Madras
Lieut F Davidson, R A, Madras
Mr R W Harris, England
Capt J Riddell do
Mr E Jennings do
Miss B Russell, 5 Fus, do
Miss H Henderson do
Col G Moore, Poona
Capt F Neville, 5 Fus, Nowshera
Mr R M Phillips, Ahmedabad
Capt and Mrs R Gimblett, Poona
Mr R T Middleton, Bombay
Mr C Nordlinger do
Mr H Heberlein do
Mr W R L Tooze do
Mrs and Miss Neilson do
Mr T F Wood do
Lt C M Cockcraft, SC, do
Mr M Breslaur do
Mr C R Brendon do
Mr F F Pickard, RIN, do
Mr D Mackie, do
Mr H J Miles do
Mr L Mathias, S C, do
Mr J H Robinson do
Mr W F Hamilton do
Mr J M Heyn do
Mr W H Marks do
Mr A Haimon do
Mr L Von Ilbra do
Mr S Liddle do
Mr J Anderson do
Mr M Barshart, MD, do
Mr T Anderson, RIM, do
Mr C E O'Shea do
Miss K O'Shea do
Mr J J Gazdur, B-at-L, do

Residents left during the past week marked (*)

FIGHTING WITH FOUR FISTS.

MR ROBERT BARR, in the *Idler*, writes:—An artist friend of mine, whose statuary now adorns the Hotel de Ville of large Western city, was once studying in Paris. A question of etiquette arose between him and a French student. When the discussion had reached such a point that words failed to deal with it, it was unanimously agreed that the dispute should be referred for final settlement to a ring outside in the courtyard. Few Americans are expert with their fists, but my friend possessed that comfortable English theory which had doubtless descended to him from his forefathers, relative to the number of Frenchmen that can be conveniently dealt with by one Anglo-Saxon, so, on reaching the courtyard, he struck the correct attitude for putting his theory into practice. The poet remarks, "Thrice armed is he who hath his quarrel just," and the flippant man has added, "But four times he who gets his blow in fust." It proved so in this case, for before the American knew the battle had begun he received a terrific kick that simply doubled him up. He stretched himself across a bench and waited for his second wind, which was a long time in coming. I regret to have to add that the American was not satisfied with what he had received; that he again faced his foe, and this time caught the foot, and then the Frenchman, whom he flung over his head, bringing him down on the pavement with a crash that ended the fight for some days.

Now, each of these students thought that the other had not fought fairly. It is hard to make an Englishman believe that a kick, however delivered, is legitimate fighting. The Frenchman's point of view is different. He thinks that if a man is set upon by two or three ruffians, the person so attacked should be able to defend himself with all the limbs he has. The use of the foot, therefore, has been brought down to a system in France, and I was astonished to find, on investigating this subject, that many English boxers have a great admiration for the French "savate," and in each of the boxing-schools I visited in Paris I saw several Englishmen being trained to wield the light fantastic toe. "Savate" literally means "old shoe," but in French boxing parlance it has come to mean the kick scientifically delivered. The reason of this is, doubtless, because the kick was first used in settling the quarrels of *souteneurs* or bullies, and by the *habitues* of Barrier Balls. Their old shoes did marvellous execution, and so the name has been retained now that professors of the art of kicking have reduced it to a science. It is a strange thing that the French nation, which is perhaps the only civilised nation using the foot in legitimate fighting, should have no one word that corresponds with one energetic monosyllable "kick." The nearest term they possess is the three-worded phrase *coup de pied*. Thus they are driven in characterising the play of the foot towards that relate to the foot, but which do not at all correspond with our terse work "kick." The 'chausson,' meaning a sock or a light shoe, just as you choose, has practically the same significance in French boxing as "savate;" in fact, it is considered less vulgar than the latter term.

In 1830, the most celebrated master of the kick was Michell. Michell went in for a sharp, nervous, but thin kick that was eminently practical for out-door use, though lacking the airy grace which has since been added, and which makes the "savate" a thing of delight for a nice, quiet drawing-room entertainment. Afterwards, the three L's did much to put various ornaments on the old shoe. These professors were Lees of Toulouse, Lecour of Paris, and Lebouchier of Rouen. Staid old London itself had something to do with the formation of the present brilliant French kick. Charles Lecour came over to England to learn what he could of English boxing, and took lessons from Swift and Adams. In London, Lecour probably pranced around his room and invented new kicks, to the astonishment of the person who brought in his tea. Thus did the French professors build up the science of "savate," adding a loving touch here and a generous improvement there, until it has become a glittering and bewildering art that carries confusion in the ranks of the enemy. We have now the low kick on the shin, the heel kick on the body, the toe kick on the side of the head, and the ferocious *tournant* kick that, to misquote Shakespeare, is ever so much more blessed to give than to receive, blessing him who gives, but decidedly doing the other thing for the man who takes, landing him right into the very centre of next week.

THE *New York Law Journal* calls attention to the coining of a new word, having reference to the rush of settlers into lands opened to settlement by presidential proclamation in the territory of Oklahoma. The settler that gets in surreptitiously before the hour appointed by the proclamation for entering the coveted territory, is called a "Sooner," because he gets there sooner than the rest. His previousness, however, is not always effective. In Smith *v.* Townsend, it appeared that one of these "Sooners" got into the territory before the date for opening it up by the presidential proclamation, by virtue of being an *employe* on a railroad which entered the territory. Being already on the ground when the hour arrived, he at once squatted upon a favoured quarter-section of land and "Homesteaded" it. A *bona fide* immigrant, who had not crossed the boundary until high noon of April 22, 1889, blanketed the aforesaid quarter-section with his own claim, and the court held that the blanketer, though not *prior in tempore* was *potior in jure*.

PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE!—BY FREE ELIMINATION OF UREA, there will be no more accumulation of urates and uric acid in the blood, and thus rheumatism, gout, and skin diseases will be avoided. All these evils can easily be kept at a distance by keeping the alimentary canal in a healthy state, a desirable result which can only be brought about by a judicious use of Eno's "Fruit" Salt. Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 3-8.—MADON, SONS and Co, Fort, Bombay.

THE STORY OF THE QUEEN'S DOLLS.

In the *Strand Magazine*, Miss Frances Low describes the large collection of dolls dressed by her Majesty when a girl at Kensington Palace. The article has been read and revised by the Queen, who sent, through Sir Henry Ponsonby, the following memorandum:—

"Her Majesty was very much devoted to dolls, and indeed played with them till she was nearly fourteen years old. Her favourites were small dolls—small wooden dolls, which she could occupy herself with dressing, and who had a house in which they could be placed. None of her Majesty's children cared for dolls as she did; but then they had girl companions, which she never had. Miss Victoria Conroy (afterwards Mrs. Hanmer) came to see her once a week, and occasionally others played with her, but with these exceptions she was left alone with the companionship of her dolls." In a postscript Sir H. Ponsonby writes:—"Since writing the above I have been informed that is not correct that 'none of her Majesty's children cared for dolls,' as the four eldest Princesses were very fond of them." In a subsequent note Sir Henry adds:—"The Queen usually dressed the dolls from some costumes she saw either in the theatre or private life."

A HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO DOLLS.

There is, indeed, (Miss Low writes), ample evidence in the care and attention lavished upon the dolls of the immense importance with which they were regarded by their royal little mistress; and an additional and interesting proof of this is to be found in what one might call the "dolls archives." These records, which are to be found in an ordinary copy-book, now a little yellow with age, are written in a fine, straggling, but determined hand-writing: "List of my dolls." Then follows in delicate feminine writing the name of the doll, by whom it was dressed, and the character it represented, though its particular is sometimes omitted. When the doll represents an actress, the date and name of the ballet are also given, by means of which one is enabled to determine the date of the dressing, which must have been between 1831 and 1833, when, Sir Henry says, "the dolls were packed away." Of the 132 dolls preserved, the Queen herself dressed no fewer than 32, in view of which she was helped by Baroness Lehzen, a fact that is scrupulously recorded in the book; and they seem to be handed down to posterity as an example of the patience and ingenuity and exquisite handiwork of a twelve-year-old Princess.

"DROLL LITTLE WOODEN CREATURES."

The dolls are of the most unpromising maternal would be regarded with scorn by the averaged school child of to-day. But if the pleasures of imagination mean anything; if planning and creating, achieving are in themselves delightful to a child especially a charm to the little [illegible] a doll is to live baby, then there is no doubt that the Princess obtained many more hours of pure happiness from her extensive wood n family than if i had been launched upon her ready dressed by the most expensive of Parisian *modistes*. Whether expensive dolls were not obtainable at that period, or whether the Princess preferred these droll little wooden creatures, as more suitable for the representation of historical and theatrical personages, I know not; but the whole collection is made up of them, and they certainly make admirable little puppets, being articulated at the knees, thighs, joints, elbows, and shoulders, and available for every kind of dramatic gesture and attitude. It must be admitted that they are not aesthetically beautiful, with their Dutch doll—not Dutch—type of face. Occasionally, owing to a chin being a little more pointed or a nose a little blunter, there is a slight variation of expression; but, with the exception of height, which ranges from three inches to nine inches, they are precisely the same. There is the quearest mixture of infancy and matronliness in their little wooden faces, due to the combination of small sharp noses and bright vermilion cheeks (consisting of a big dab of paint in one spot), with broad placid brows, over which neatly parted on each temple, are painted elaborate, elderly, greyish curls. The remainder of the hair is coal-black, and is relieved by a tiny yellow comb perched upon the back of the head.

LADIES OF THE COURT AND STAGE.

The dolls dressed by her Majesty are for the most part theatrical personages and Court ladies, and include also three males (of whom there are only some seven or eight in the whole collection) and a few little babies—tiny creatures made of rag with painted-mask faces. The workmanship in the frocks is simply exquisite: tiny ruffles are sewn with fairy stitches; wee pockets on aprons (it must be borne in mind for dolls of five or six inches) are delicately finished off with minute bows; little handkerchiefs not more than half an inch square are embroidered with red silk initials and have drawn borders; and there are chatelaines of white and gold beads so small that they almost slip out of one's hands in handling, and one is struck afresh by the deftness of finger and the unwearied patience that must have been possessed by the youthful fashioner. A whole group of dolls represent characters in the ballet of "Kenilworth," which was performed in 1831 at the famous King's Theatre. It would be interesting to know whether her Majesty was herself taken to the opera ["She went to the opera and saw the ballet, of which she was very fond, several times."—[*Note by the Queen*], or whether the costumes were described to her, or whether the knowledge was obtained from prints "None existed."—V. R.,] which latter theory, owing to the minuteness of detail, seems the most probable. To this set the Princess Victoria contributed two of the characters—Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester, and Amy Robsart.

AMY ROBSART AND QUEEN ELIZABETH.

Amy Robsart, who was played in the ballet by Mlle. Brocard, a very popular dancer of the period, has a long narrow riding-habit of green satin, with a short basque of the same material trimmed with a narrow gold line down the front, and coming to a point at the waist. Her sleeves are tight, and she wears a large broad-brimmed black velvet hat of the "Di Vernon" shape, with white curling feathers falling on to her forehead. This is one of the most realistic of all the dolls, and the dress was no doubt an exact reproduction of the one worn by the actress. Queen Elizabeth in the ballet (dressed by Baroness Lehzen) is magnificently attired in a robe of gold tinsel stuff with puffed sleeves and a heavy girdle of gold beads. Her long round train hanging from her shoulder is made of the same material trimmed with ermine and lined with bright crimson plush, as are also her shoes. Round her neck, she wears pearls; and a wonderful little crown of crimson plush, with points of gold paper festooned with pearls, adorns the royal head.

A BYGONE OPERATIC STAR.

A robe with an immense amount of needlework in it and of the most artistic order, is worn by "Mrs. Dudley, formerly Mlle. Leontine Heberle," as she appeared in the ballet of "L'Anneau Magique" in 1832—" made by Princess Victoria." It is of white satin covered with white Spanish net, and has on each side of the skirt tiny panels made of white satin piping, tied at each end with infinitesimally small bows of white ribbon, and ornamented about half-way up with tiny bunches of pink roses. The beautiful precision and symmetry of the bows and panels; the delicate finish of every part of the dress; the care with which the silver coronal and wreath of pink roses have been disposed on the head, constitute a piece of work which is, in its way, if one may use so big a word, a little "masterpiece" that would satisfy and gladden the heart of Mr. Ruskin. The wreaths and ribbons are, I think, quite unique, and I should feel disposed to the belief that they were manufactured for this especial purpose. The ribbon, extensively used for the trimmings, is the prettiest thing of its kind. It is very narrow, well under a quarter of an inch in breadth, and is composed of two, and sometimes three, shades of colour, in the softest pinks, yellows, mauves, and blues. As for the wreathing, it is an artistic triumph. Each little pink or yellow rose, which would lie easily on a threepenny piece, has its neatly adjusted green centre and stalk and accompanying leaves, all of which in their turn are cut and shaped with wonderful skill. The number and variety of the Lilliputian manners set one wondering whether the Princess had a miniature theatre, and, if so, whether she arranged her puppets simply as lay figures in tableaux, or whether they acted their parts with make-believe speech and gesture.

"THE MOST LOVEABLE CREATURE IN THE COLLECTION."

The most loveable creature in the whole collection is a Miss Arnold. She is just a sweet natural young girl—a gentlewoman every inch of her—in the simplest of white muslin frocks with a faintly tinted lilac sash and neck ribbon. Over her shoulders is a lace fichu reaching in long ends to her feet. You forget for an instant about wooden joints and painted cheeks; and peering beneath her coal-scuttle bonnet, look eagerly for the fair and serious face that goes along with this Puritan maiden. What a bewitching thing this poke-bonnet is, too, of rich yellow straw, trimmed, with an artist's eye for colour, in severe lines of purple ribbon tying under the demure chin!

DOLLS' FURNITURE.

There are several little tables and chairs covered in silk and chintz, and some fascinating tiny bead trinkets and little crystal tea-services of the kind sold in boxes some twenty years ago, but which are very difficult to procure now-a-days. One of these services, set out upon a tiny table, is here represented. The two ladies who are standing at the table, are Madame Proche Brocard as she appeared in the ballet of "Kenilworth" in 1831 -33, and Madame Zephyrine Galebatie. A word of mention must be made of a small white satin cradle made from a cardboard box, containing a set of twins; and a numerous variety of satin quilts edged with lace, and silk and satin cushions, no doubt used for the drawing-room sofas.

THE exhibition to be opened in honour of Christopher Columbus at Madrid has just received two of its most interesting exhibits, and the lender has been the Vatican. They are geographical maps of very early date, and of extreme rarity. One drawn in the life-time of Alexander VI., shows the chart of the world as it was believed to exist at the commencement of the sixteenth century. A line, the drawing of which is traditionally ascribed to Alexander himself, defines the limits of the Spanish possessions in America, and separates them from those of Portugal. The second map—less ancient than the first—has a greater historical value, as the precise date is not left to conjecture. An inscription in Spanish announces that it is the handiwork of the cosmographer of the King of Spain, who prepared it by command of the King at Seville in the year 1529, and under it is the rather naive announcement, not that it is a map of the world, but a map of so much of the world as had been discovered up to that date. These documents are the more interesting as their provenance and pedigree are above all doubt. They come from that famous museum origin lly founded by Cardinal Borgia when he was Prefect of the Propaganda. N. European in titution is so rich in ethnographic treasures, which have poured it into it from all parts of the Christian world in answer to eloquent and pressing appeals.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

COMING FASHIONS.

As to the long skirts we have probably seen the last of them in the street, at all events. Next winter while gowns for house, reception, or carriage wear will have a little train, the walking costumes promise short round skirts. Some makers now cut skirts with two breadths of material, one front and one back, instead of running a bias seam at the middle of the back. If your material is plain the front breadth is cut on the straight and the back on the full bias; if striped or plaid then both breadths are cut on the straight and gored at the sides. Corsages are now pretty generally made with the back in one piece, slightly gathered at the middle of the waist line, or else with a simple flat fold down the middle. And I need hardly add that they are often so belaced that at first glance you see nothing of the dress material, but this is not as it should be. The rule is, Use all the lace effects you please, but don't mar the outlines of the figure. The chatelaine pocket is yet another fashion which I am bidden to chronicle. It will be made of the same material as the gown, and will take the place of the inevitable reticule, without which no American tourist considers herself complete. The short jacket in all its various hybrid manifestations, as Eton jacket, zouave jacket, Figaro jacket, patrol jacket, and others, continues in favor. These jackets may be so modified in combination with the strict lines of the bodice as no longer to suggest the necessity for the accompanying blouse and the summer negligee costume. The short jacket front will be much worn with the close fitting bodice back and the closely fitting front beneath, or the trimming in the waist will be placed in the zouave effect under the arm or a fall of lace will simulate the figaro jacket. These will be the ways in which the jacket idea will be incorporated into winter costumes.

AN ONSLAUGHT ON WOMAN'S DRESS.

Elizabeth Stuart Phelps takes no such moderate tone. In the "Arena" she utters her eloquent, passionate mind after this fashion: When I see women stay indoors the entire forenoon because their morning dresses trail the ground and indoors all the afternoon because there comes up a shower and the walking dress would soak and drabble, or when I find, after the most patient experiment, that in spite of stout rubbers, water-proof gaiters, and dress skirt three or four inches from the ground, an "out-of-door" girl is compelled to a general change of clothing each individual time that she returns from her daily walks in the summer rain; when I see a woman climbing upstairs with her baby in one arm and its bowl of bread and milk in the other and see her tripping on her dress at every stair (if, indeed, baby, bowl, bread, milk, and mother do not go down in universal chaos it is only from the efforts of long skill and experience on the part of the mother in performing that acrobatic feat); when physicians tell me what fearful jars and strains these sudden jerks of the body from stumbling on the dress hem imposes upon a woman's intricate organism, and how much less injurious to her a direct fall would be than a sort of pegre and muscle, and how the strongest man would suffer from such accidents; and when I see woman's skirts the shortest of them lying (when they sit down) inches deep along the foul floors which man, in delicate appreciation of our concessions to his fancy in such respects, has inundated with tobacco juice, and from which she sweeps up and carries to her home the germs of stealthy pestilences, I feel that I have ceased to deal with blunders in dress and have entered the category of crimes.

A BIRD OF ILL OMEN.

Mrs. Langtry, who is nothing if not original, appeared at Sir Augustus Harris' garden party with a French poodle that, in addition to being shaved in the orthodox manner, had the monogram L. L. cut out in its hair on its back. Evidently Mrs. Langtry has lost her fear of peacock's feathers, for with her gown of white and mauve she wore a green straw hat with mauve flowers and a buckle formed of the feathers of the valuest of birds. In years gone by, it is said, some one gave Langtry as an ornament for her drawing room a stuffed peacock; after its arrival misfortune followed misfortune, and just before the bailiffs entered the house she had it put on a four-wheeler and sent to a man whom she disliked. That day he fell down and had his leg broken. Later on he sent it to an enemy of his, whose house caught fire that night and when last heard of by its original owner it had been rescued from flames, while a wrathful man stood by and swore he would set it on fire later in the day if he burned himself doing it. The failure of "Macbeth" was ascribed by Mrs. Langtry to the fact that the Sunday before it was produced she wore at dinner the most beautiful dress imaginable. The sides and back were of pale mouse colored velvet, and the front was formed of peacock's feathers, with the head of a peacock resting on each white shoulder.

THE GOOD WIFE.

Each woman must judge in her own peculiar case how best to be a good wife. But, unfortunately, the knowledge, in many cases, only comes with experience and before that experience is gained the friction between husband and wife has engendered a state of feeling which it is difficult to change. A great deal of responsibility rests upon the mothers of England. A wise mother will take the trouble to try and save her daughters from an uncongenial marriage knowing, as she does, far better than her inexperienced girls all the suffering and danger that may chance from such a union. A wise mother will see that her daughters know something of practical household matters and the management of money be the sum large or small. Is it fair to let girls gain their experience at the expense of their husbands and children? A friend of mine suggested that it would be a most excellent plan if girls were prepared for going through the Marriage Service as they are going through the Confirmation Service. The idea is worth thinking about. Girls should be taught the solemnity of the promises they make in repeating the Marriage Service. They should be trained all their girlhood to look upon wifehood and motherhood as a grand privilege, placing in their hands a great power which they may use for good or for evil. But, train our girls as we may, the ill will always, to the end of time, be good wives and bad wives amongst us—if you call that woman a bad wife who has linked her life to the wrong man, and fails to make him happy. There are no hard-and-fast rules for such a matter. A woman may be a model housekeeper, manager, mother, cook, even helpmeet, yet she may fail to make her husband's home all-satisfying to him. I know more than one such. On the other hand, I know a wife who was a careless housekeeper and wretched manager in every way for many years, but whose husband and children adored her.

A SUCCESSFUL WOMAN.

One of the most successful women bakers in New York lived formerly in the country, near a city of about 100,000 inhabitants. She was a woman with a strong taste for dabbling in art; but having sterling good sense, she gave up all aspirations in a direction in which she knew she could never succeed, and began to look about her for a remunerative calling. She sent her first pies and bread to the city by her father, who brought in farm produce to customers. She charged the regular bakers' price for everything she offered for sale. Orders began to flow in at once. In a year her father sold his farm, which brought him but a scant return, and moved to the suburbs of the city, where he could serve his daughter's customers daily with the bread, pies, rolls, cream-biscuit and plain cakes to which she confined herself. The family soon began to keep help, and bought a new oven for baking. This, in a few years, was abandoned for a huge brick baker's oven. This young lady now keeps over a dozen American girls to bake, and several men to run wagons about the city. She is the largest baker in town, having built up her business to its present standard in less than five years. Under no temptation has she ever abandoned her home methods or deteriorated the quality of the materials she uses. She has never raised her prices. She is building up her fortune.

MODERN FURNITURE.

Another necessity of our time, says the "Architect," is thorough cleanliness. Antique dust may be a valuable ingredient in a poem or a novel, but after Tyndall's investigations it is not a desirable commodity in a dwelling-house. For centuries it seemed to be also of furniture makers to form receptacles where dust could accumulate and through chemical processes undisturbed, as if it were a most precious substance of which the value was enhanced by time. All styles were represented by cupboards and cabinets with inaccessible tops that were walls for dust and dirt; it would no doubt be deemed a sacrilege to shake curtains and hangings (Jack Falstaff, as a sanitarian, was in advance of his age, for he recommended Dame Quickly to substitute painted paper for her mouldy tapestry) and nooks and crannies and perforations were to be seen in every description of furniture which no brush or duster could explore. Modern furniture is more comfortable, and presents fewer risks to health than the furniture of preceding ages. That it can be made as beautiful is no less true, and every year pieces have been produced in France and England which will bear comparison with the best examples of the older makers. It is well to bear these facts in mind when we take up a history of furniture. To have a low opinion of the work of our own times may be praiseworthy in the eyes of divines and dealers, but it does not always promote the advantage of the present or the future. As regards furniture, there should be no delusion, for, if tested by logical notions of what is necessary, very few ancient examples are to be discovered which are worthy either of unqualified admiration or of indiscriminate imitation. Some of the pieces may excite wonder, but we are compelled also to pity the people that were obliged to use forms that seem so unsuitable for beings whose flesh was tender.

NEW IDEAS.

For Menus—A photograph of the hostess with a scroll in her hand on which is written the list. For the Skin—Pure alcohol. After washing bathe the face with it and dry quickly. It clears the skin of impurities and leaves it smooth and cool as a rose leaf. For the Boudoir—Wear a Japanese robe of blue cotton crepe and learn to play the guitar. For your hair—Blonde tresses should be worn in fluffy fashion; dark hair is most stylish when smoothly dressed. For the Dive—White linen scarf, cushions covered with designs sketched in indelible ink. For the Table—Oblong, square cornered bread plates with curving rococo borders dashed with gold. For Autumn Wear—Small bonnets of scarlet straw with Alsatian bows of black lace. For Supper—Pretty Luncheon—Ices served in real calla lilies. For the Shopper—Gloves, stockings, and shoes in nut brown prevail over other colors. For the Writing Desk—Mrs. Van Rensselaer writes notes on paper the color of pale gold. For the Toilet—If you use a polish for your tips, let it be benzoin—the pure tincture. For your Money—Small heart-shaped red leather purses with your monogram in silver.

PRINCESS BEATRICE'S PEARLS.

Princ